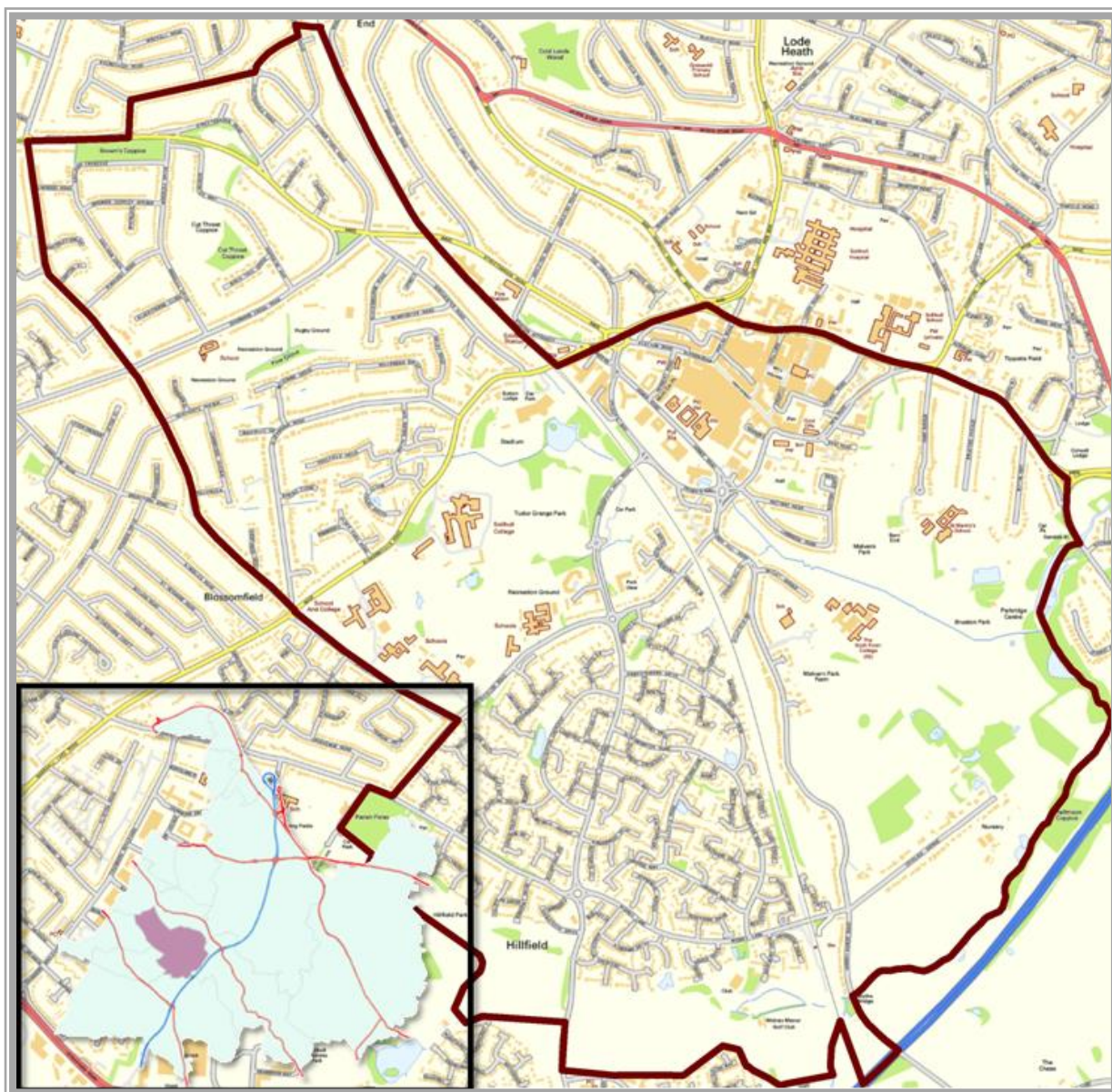


# St Alphege Ward Profile

## 2024



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## Technical Guide to Ward Profiles

Ward profiles are part of the Solihull Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA). The JSNA is how local authorities and Integrated Care Boards assess the current and future health, care and wellbeing needs of the local community. Leading to agreed commissioning priorities that will improve the health and wellbeing outcomes and reduce inequalities.

At a borough level the Story of Solihull provides an overview of the current population, demographics, health and wellbeing of Solihull residents. The Story of Solihull can be viewed via the link below.

### [Story of Solihull - Joint Strategic Needs Assessment](#)

Ward Profiles complement the Story of Solihull, providing a detailed local snapshot of a ward's population, economy, health and housing. It highlights specific issues of local concern and considers what residents think about their local neighbourhood.

This ward Profile includes comprehensive coverage of the 2021 Census which can be accessed via the link below. The Census remains the most detailed and accurate measure available at a ward level. The Census provides highly detailed information on the following themes:

- Population and demography.
- Households, living arrangements and family structure.
- Ethnicity, religion, origin and language.
- Employment and qualifications.
- Health and care.
- Housing and housing condition.

### [ONS 2021 Census - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics \(NOMIS\)](#)

The ward profile also draws on a range of published sources, including the latest data from:

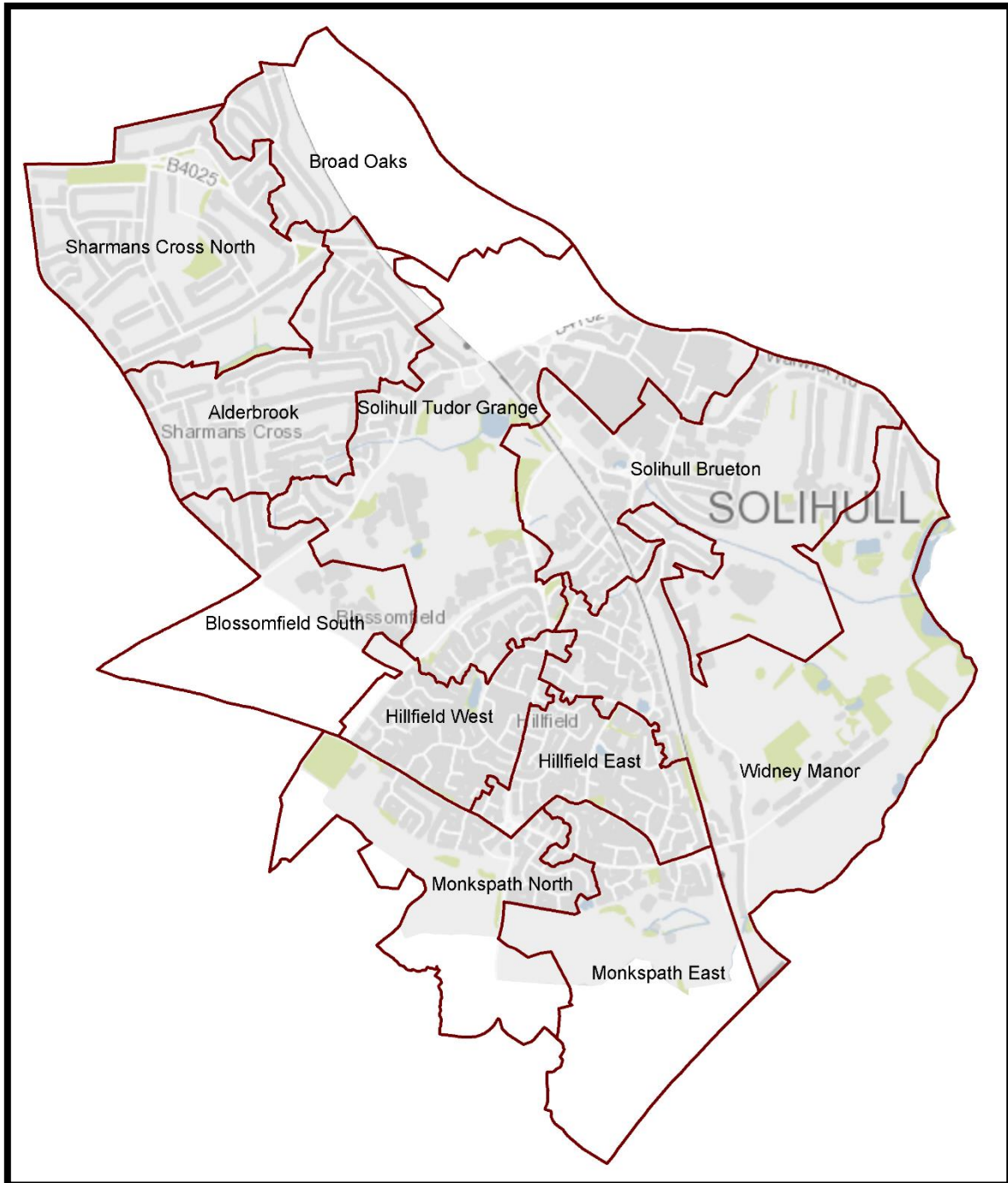
- Solihull Metropolitan Borough Council.
- West Midlands Police.
- Department for Work and Pensions.
- Office for Health Improvement & Disparities.
- Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities.

Sub-borough data is available at a variety of levels. As well as the borough's 17 electoral wards, the majority of data is based on the standard Census geographies:

- Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) local neighbourhoods based on a minimum population of 1,000 and an average of 1,500 (134 in Solihull);
- Middle Layer Super Output Areas (MSOAs) containing an average of 7,200 persons (29 in Solihull).

Technical advice and support is available from the Solihull Observatory.

St Alphege Super Output Areas



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**Summary**

About Solihull

Solihull lies at the heart of the West Midlands motorway network, has excellent public transport connections with the Birmingham city conurbation and is linked to many overseas destinations through Birmingham International Airport.

There are 148,000 jobs located in Solihull with strengths in business services, transport and manufacturing. The borough benefits from a range of key economic assets such as Solihull town centre, the NEC complex, Jaguar Land Rover and Birmingham Business Parks.

Solihull is a largely affluent borough, characterised by above average levels of income and limited levels of poverty and deprivation. For instance:

- 73% of Solihull households own their own home compared to 62% for England and 64% for the West Midlands.
- The median annual wage of Solihull residents in full-time employment is 11% higher than the England average and 18% higher than that for the West Midlands.
- 13% of the Solihull working age population claim Universal Credit compared to 15% for England and 17% for the West Midlands.
- 14% of Solihull children aged 0-15 years live in a low income household compared to 20% for England and 27% for the West Midlands.
- The 2019 Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) shows that Solihull is the least deprived local authority in the West Midlands. Just 16% of the population live in one of the most deprived 20% of neighbourhoods in England, whereas 40% of people live in the least deprived 20%.

This is not the case for all Solihull communities and below average incomes and poverty is far more common among households in the three North Solihull wards (Smith's Wood; Kingshurst and Fordbridge; Chelmsley Wood). For instance:

- Just 47% of North Solihull households own their own home while 40% are social rented.
- 31% of the North Solihull working age population claim Universal Credit.
- 29% of North Solihull children aged 0-15 years live in a low income household.
- According to the IMD 52% of people in north Solihull live in one of the most deprived 20% of neighbourhoods in England, including 11% who live in the most deprived 5%.

### About St Alphege

St Alphege is centred on Solihull town centre the Borough's economic, administrative and transport hub, including the Touchwood shopping centre and numerous high-end service sector office occupiers. The widespread affluence of the surrounding residential area is reflected by some of Solihull's most costly housing, although St Alphege also contains a relatively high proportion of private rented housing. St Alphege has few pressing socio-economic problems, although the town centre's thriving economy does create some additional crime risks.

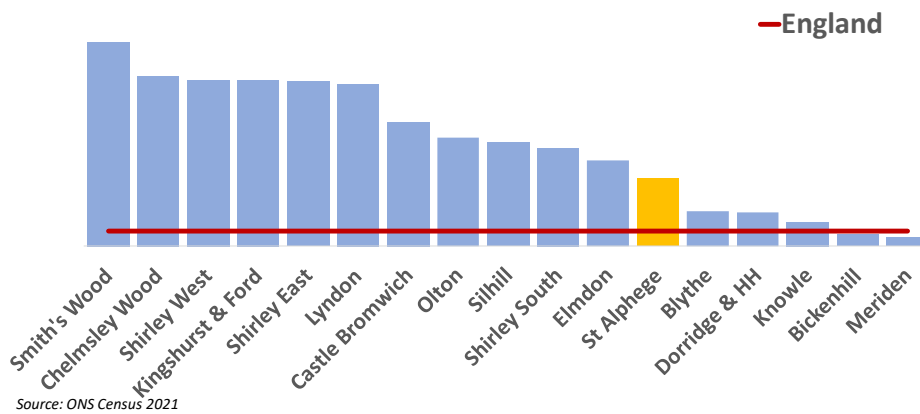
The map on page 2 illustrates the neighbourhoods within St Alphege, based on the Office for National Statistics' LSOAs. Five St Alphege LSOAs, Broad Oaks, Solihull Tudor Grange, Blossomfield South, Monkspath North and Monkspath East overlap the ward boundary.

## Population and Households

### Population Size and Growth

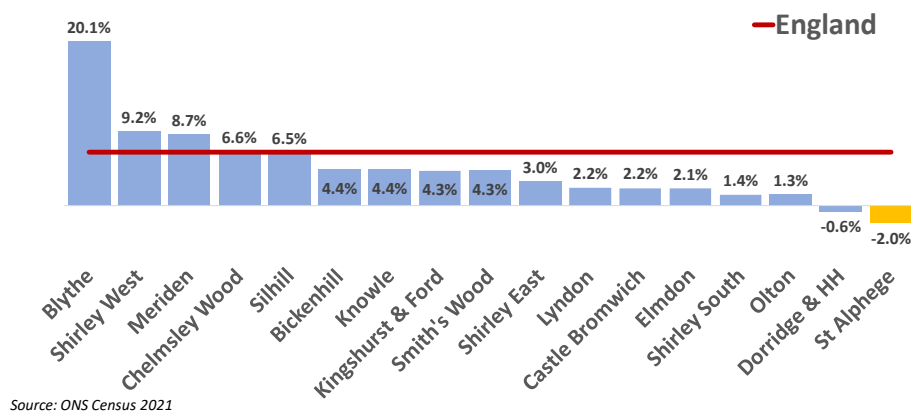
The 2021 Census shows that 13,256 people live in St Alphege, representing 1,932 people per km<sup>2</sup> (Population density Solihull 1,213 and England 434 per km<sup>2</sup>). St Alphege has the 6<sup>th</sup> smallest population density of Solihull's 17 wards.

### Solihull Population Density 2021



Between 2011 and 2021 the St Alphege population decreased by -276 people. This equates to a fall of -2.0% over this 10-year period. St Alphege is one of only two wards to record a decline in population contrasting with average increases of 4.6% for Solihull and 6.6% for England.

### Solihull Population Growth 2011 - 2021



### Population Age Groups

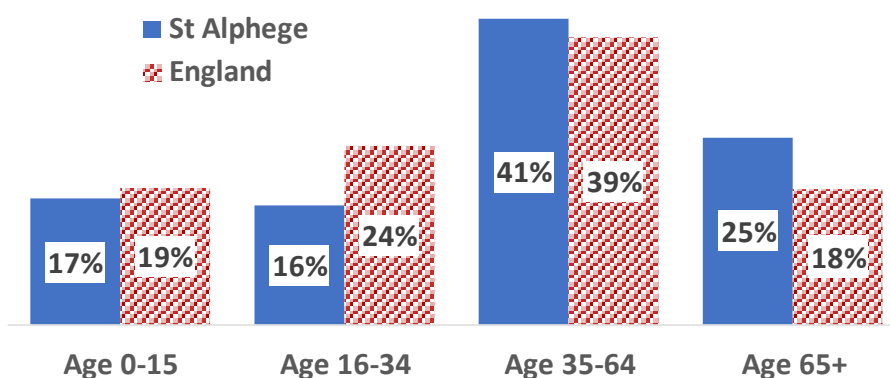
17% of the St Alphege population are under 16 years of age (including 4.4% aged 5 and under), 57% are working age and 25% are aged 65 and over (including 3.9% aged 85+).

The size of the under 16 population in St Alphege (17%) is smaller than Solihull (19%) or England (19%), while the number aged 65+ is proportionally larger (25% St Alphege, 21% Solihull, 18% England).

Population by in St Alphege Age Group 2021				
Age Group	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Age 0-15	2,263	17%	19%	19%
Age 16-24	1,161	9%	9%	11%
Age 25-34	979	7%	12%	14%
Age 35-49	2,389	18%	18%	19%
Age 50-64	3,099	23%	20%	19%
Age 65+	3,365	25%	21%	18%
Total	13,256			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Age Structure in St Alphege



Source: ONS Census 2021

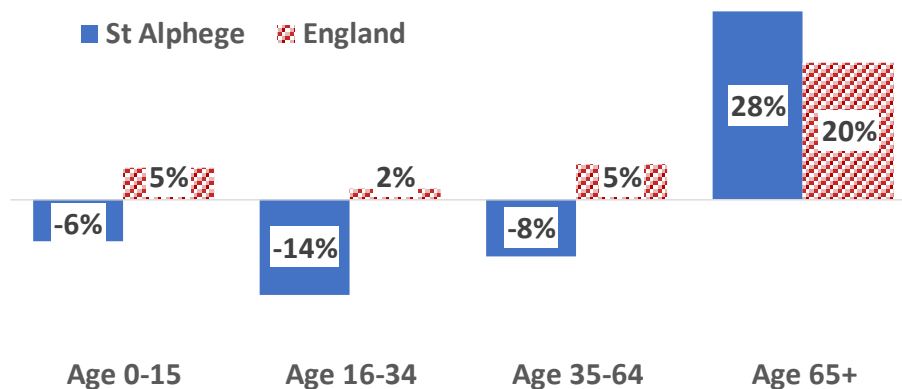
In the 10-years 2011 to 2021 population growth in St Alphege has been driven exclusively by those aged 65+ (+28% aged 65+). This has been offset by population decline among all other age groups, particularly young people aged 16-24 (-19%) and by those aged 35-49 (-17%).

Change in Population in St Alphege Between 2011 and 2021 by Age Group				
Age Group	Change in number in St Alphege	% Change in number of people		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Age 0-15	-151	-6%	7%	5%
Age 16-24	-277	-19%	-9%	-5%
Age 25-34	-72	-7%	17%	7%
Age 35-49	-487	-17%	-10%	-3%
Age 50-64	-19	-0.6%	9%	15%
Age 65+	730	28%	15%	20%
Total	-276	-2%	5%	7%

Source: ONS Census 2011 and 2021

Comparing the 10-year growth rates of St Alphege and England shows significant differences among all group under the age of 65 years. Nationally, the population has grown among these groups contrasting with decline in St Alphege.

### % Change in Population in St Alphege by Age Group 2011 - 2021



Source: ONS Census 2011 and 2021

### Ethnicity

76% of the St Alphege population are white and 24% from an ethnic minority background. St Alphege has a proportionally larger ethnic minority population than either Solihull (18%) or England (19%). 76% of the ethnic minority population in St Alphege are Asian/Asian British, with this group representing 18% of all people in St Alphege.

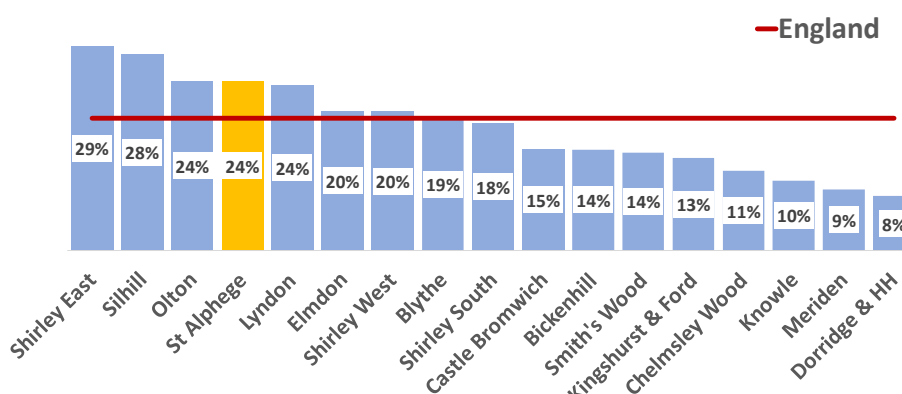
Ethnic Group of St Alphege Population 2021				
Ethnic Group	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
White	10,034	76%	82%	81%
Asian/Asian British	2,436	18%	11%	10%
Mixed of Multiple Ethnic Groups	331	2%	3%	3%
Black/Black British	134	1%	2%	4%
Other Ethnic Group	323	2%	2%	2%
Ethnic Minority Total	3,224	24%	18%	19%
Total Population	13,258			

Source ONS Census 2021

St Alphege has the 4<sup>th</sup> largest ethnic minority population and 3<sup>rd</sup> largest Asian/Asian British population among Solihull’s 17 wards.



### Ethnic Minority Population in Solihull 2021



Source: ONS Census 2021

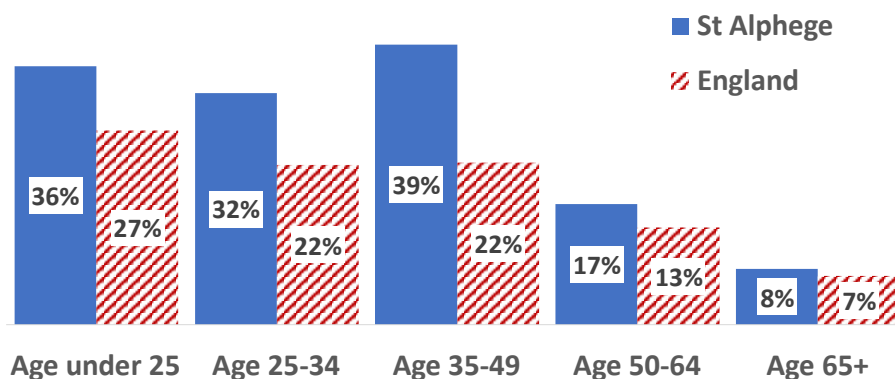
The ethnic minority population in St Alphege is proportionally higher among younger than older age groups. For instance, 36% of those under 25 are from an ethnic minority background compared to just 8% of those aged 65+.

Ethnic Group of St Alphege Population by Age					
Ethnic Group	Age under 25	Age 25-34	Age 35-49	Age 50-64	Age 65+
White	2,200	668	1,469	2,588	3,109
Asian/Asian British	832	241	769	391	203
Mixed of Multiple Ethnic Groups	213	42	30	36	10
Black/Black British	46	10	27	40	11
Other ethnic group	125	19	96	48	35
<b>Ethnic Minority Total</b>	<b>1,216</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>922</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>259</b>
<b>Total Population</b>	<b>3,416</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>2,391</b>	<b>3,103</b>	<b>3,368</b>
<b>% Ethnic Minority</b>	<b>36%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>39%</b>	<b>17%</b>	<b>8%</b>

Source: ONS Census 2021

The pattern in St Alphege is the same as in England, with the ethnic minority population higher among younger age groups in both. A sharp reduction in the ethnic minority population from the age of 50 onwards is evident in both St Alphege and England.

### Ethnic Minority Population by Age St Alphege 2021



Source: ONS Census 2021

In the 10-years 2011 to 2021 the proportion of St Alphege residents from an ethnic minority background increased from 14% to 24% of the population.

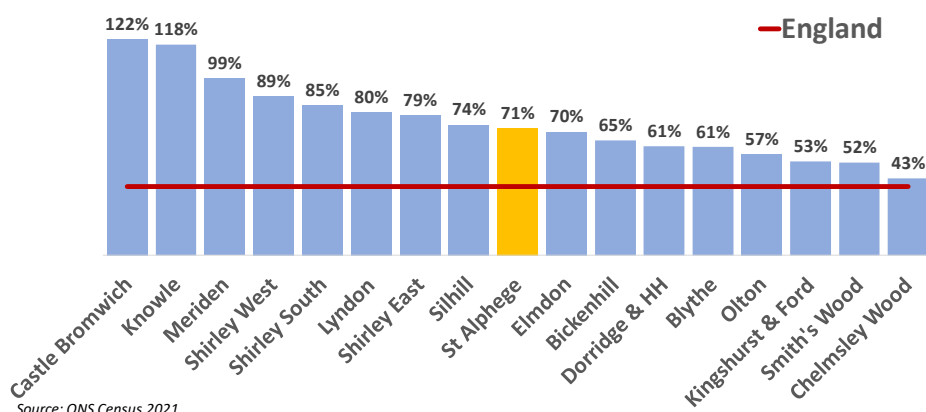
Although the St Alphege population decreased by -2% the number of ethnic minority residents increased by 71% (1,344 individuals) in the 10 years to 2021. This was entirely offset by a fall of -14% (-1,618 individuals) in the number of white residents. In absolute terms the increase in St Alphege residents was largest among those from an Asian/Asian British background (+1,015 individuals).

Change in Population Ethnicity in St Alphege 2011-2021				
Ethnic Group	Change in Number in St Alphege	% Change		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
White	-1,618	-14%	-4%	1%
Asian/Asian British	1,015	71%	76%	31%
Mixed of Multiple Ethnic Groups	129	64%	70%	40%
Black/Black British	39	41%	22%	29%
Other ethnic group	161	99%	167%	124%
Ethnic Minority Total	1,344	71%	72%	38%
Total Population	-274	-2%	5%	7%

Source: ONS Census 2011 and 2021

Growth of 71% in the ethnic minority population in St Alphege in the 10 years to 2021 is higher than the England average (38%) but in-line with that for Solihull (+72%). Growth in the ethnic minority population in St Alphege is 9<sup>th</sup> Highest among Solihull’s 17 wards.

## Ethnic Minority Population Growth in Solihull 2011 - 2021



### Religion

76% of the St Alphege population who answered the Census religious identification question said that they had a religious faith, with 24% saying they had no religion. St Alphege has proportionally fewer people with no religion than either Solihull (35%) or England (39%).

Like Solihull and England as a whole, Christianity is the most common religious faith in St Alphege (58%). A notable feature of the St Alphege religious profile is the relatively large number of Hindus and Sikhs living in the ward.

Religious Faith of St Alphege Population 2021				
Religious Faith	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Christian	7,292	58%	53%	49%
Muslim	819	6%	6%	7%
Hindu	789	6%	3%	2%
Sikh	611	5%	2%	1%
Buddhist	51	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%
Jewish	21	0.2%	0.1%	0.5%
Other religion	36	0.3%	0.4%	0.6%
No religion	2,991	24%	35%	39%
Total	12,610			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Origin and Language

At the time of the 2021 Census, around 91% of the St Alphege population lived at the same address that they were resident in a year before. Of the remainder, most migrants lived elsewhere in the UK (87% of St Alphege migrants, 7% of St Alphege population) with a small number coming from outside UK (13% of St Alphege migrants, 1% of St Alphege population).

Recent Migration of St Alphege Population 2021				
Address One Year Ago	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Same address (non-migrant)	12,041	91%	92%	89%
Temp student residence in UK (non-migrant)	43	0.3%	0.2%	0.6%
Elsewhere in UK (migrant)	963	7%	7.6%	9.6%
Outside the UK (migrant)	143	1%	0.5%	0.9%
All Migrants	1,106	8.4%	8.1%	10.5%
Total Population	13,190			

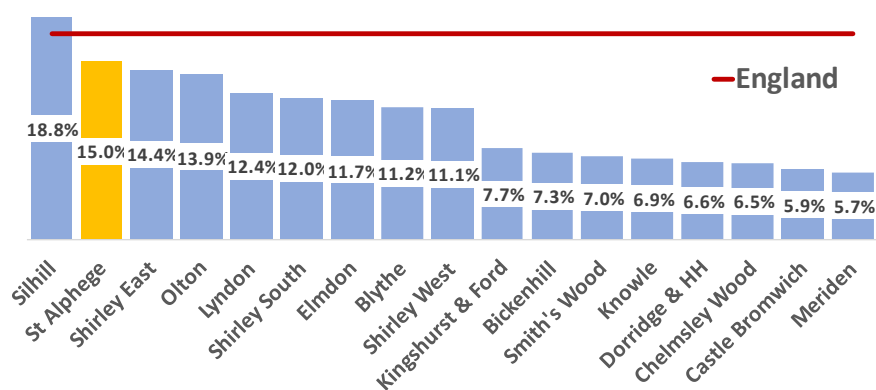
Source: ONS Census 2021

85% of the St Alphege population were born in in the UK (90% Solihull, 83% England), with 15% born overseas (1,992 individuals). Proportionally St Alphege has the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest number of overseas born residents in Solihull.

Country of Birth of St Alphege Population 2021				
Country of Birth	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
UK	11,270	85%	90%	83%
Europe	454	3%	3%	7%
Africa	277	2%	1%	3%
Middle East & Asia	1,123	8%	5%	6%
Americas & Caribbean	109	0.8%	0.7%	1.4%
Antarctica & Oceania	25	0.2%	0.15%	0.30%
British Overseas	4	0.03%	0.03%	0.04%
Total	13,262			

Source: ONS Census 2021

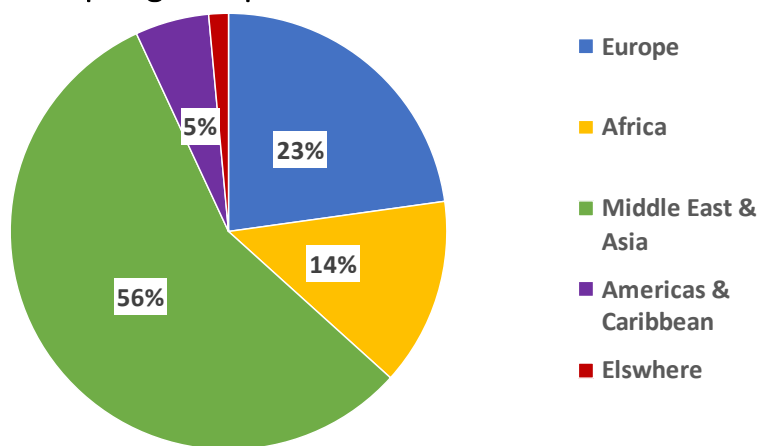
### Population Born Overseas in Solihull 2021



Source: ONS Census 2021

56% of the St Alphege overseas born population are from the middle East or Asia (1,123 individuals), with 23% born in another European country (454 individuals), 14% (277) in Africa and 5% (109) in the Americas & Caribbean.

### St Alphege Population Born Overseas 2021



The Census data shows that while a relatively large proportion of the St Alphege population were born overseas, the number of arrivals since 2014 is lower than the England average (28% vs 34%). By contrast 28% of the St Alphege overseas born population arrived prior to 1981 double the proportion nationally.

Year of Arrival in UK Among St Alphege Population 2021				
Year of Arrival	Number in St Alphege	% born overseas		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Arrived before 1981	567	28%	27%	14%
Arrived 1981 to 2000	333	17%	16%	17%
Arrived 2001 to 2013	529	27%	30%	36%
Arrived 2014 to 2021	562	28%	26%	34%
Total born overseas	1,991			

Source: ONS Census 2021

94% of the St Alphege population speak English as their first language (96% Solihull, 91% England). Just under 1% of the St Alphege population cannot speak English well or speak English at all.

Proficiency in English of St Alphege Population 2021				
Language Skills	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
English 1 <sup>st</sup> language	12,186	94%	96%	91%
Not 1 <sup>st</sup> language but speak English well	540	4%	2%	4%
Cannot speak English well	84	0.6%	0.5%	1.6%
Cannot speak English	10	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%
Total (aged 3+)	13,024			

Source: ONS Census 2021

## Households

There are 5,332 households in St Alphege, with family households comprising 72% (3,834) and single person households 24% (1,290). Compared with the England and Solihull averages St Alphege has fewer single person households and more family households.

Household Composition in St Alphege 2021				
Household Type	Number in St Alphege	% Households		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Single person households	1,290	24%	29%	30%
Family households	3,834	72%	66%	63%
Other households	208	4%	5%	7%
All households	5,332			

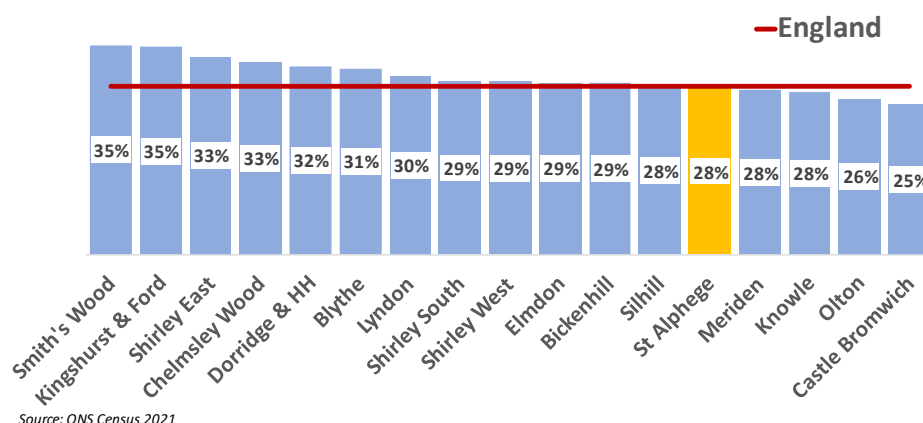
Source: ONS Census 2021

41% of households in St Alphege contain children including 28% where the children are dependent. The proportion of dependent children households in St Alphege is in-line with England but below that for Solihull.

Households with Children in St Alphege 2021				
Household Type	Number in St Alphege	% Households		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Dependent children	1,498	28%	30%	28%
Non-dependent children	692	13%	12%	11%
All Households with Children	2,190	41%	43%	39%
All Households	5,332			

Source: ONS Census 2021

## Households with Dependent Children in Solihull 2021



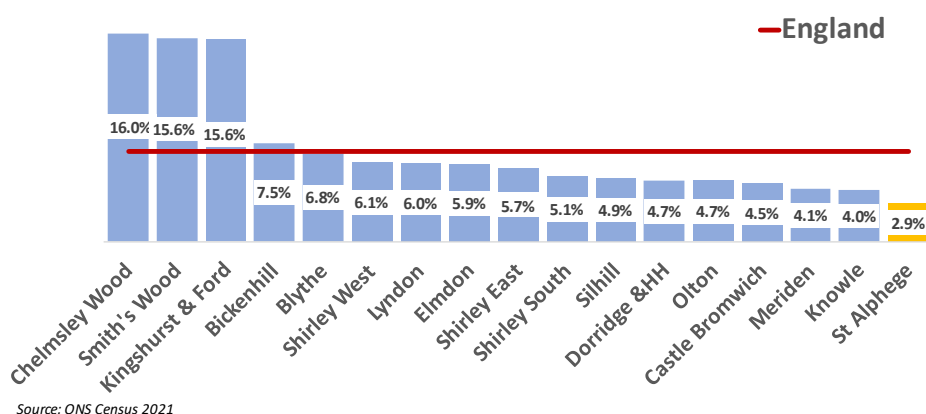
Single parent households represent 6% of all households (308 households) in St Alphege compared to over 11% across Solihull and England.

About 51% of single parent households in St Alphege contain dependent children. The proportion of single parent households with dependent children is considerably lower than the England average and the lowest in Solihull (2.9% of all households in St Alphege, 7.2% Solihull, 6.9% England).

Single Parent Households in St Alphege 2021				
Household Type	Number in St Alphege	% Households		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Dependent children	157	2.9%	7.2%	6.9%
Non-dependent children	151	2.8%	4.4%	4.2%
All Single parent households	308	5.8%	11.6%	11.1%
All households	5,332			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Single Parent Households with Dependent Children in Solihull 2021



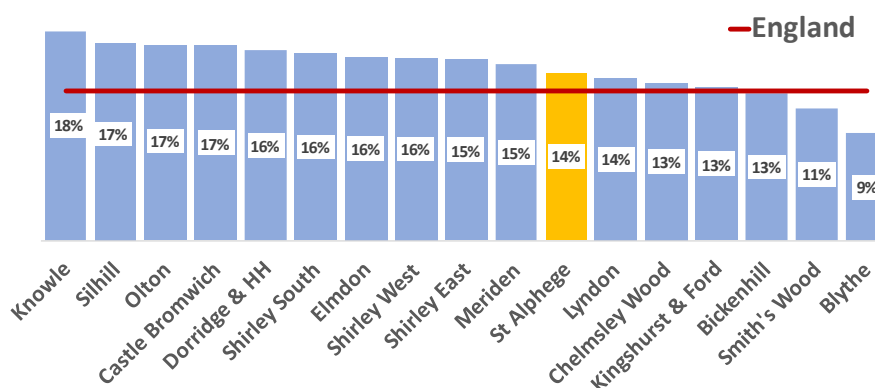
More households in St Alphege are occupied by older people than the benchmarks (31% of all households St Alphege, 26% Solihull, 22% England). This is largely because there are many more older couple households in St Alphege than across England (16% vs 9%).

The proportion of single older households in St Alphege more closely matches the national average and is smaller than that for Solihull.

Older People Households in St Alphege 2021				
Household Type	Number in St Alphege	% Households		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Single older people households	764	14%	15%	13%
Couple older people households	866	16%	11%	9%
All older people households	1,630	31%	26%	22%
All households	5,332			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Single Older People Households in Solihull 2021

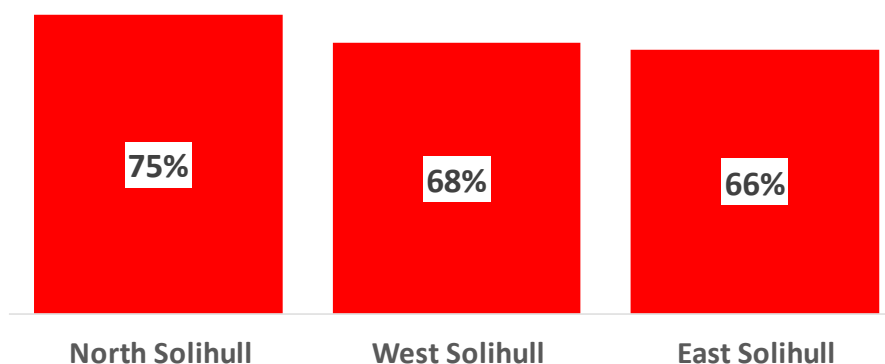


Source: ONS Census 2021

### Deprivation, Benefits and Poverty

For much of 2022 and 2023 UK households have been subject to high levels of inflation and a squeeze on living standards. This is reflected in local survey results, with 70% of respondents to the 2022 Place Survey saying that they were more worried about their finances than a year previously. This pattern was replicated across all three Solihull localities.

#### Respondents to Place Survey who are more worried about finances than one year ago



Source: SMBC, Solihull Place Survey 2022

### Index of Multiple Deprivation

The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) is the official measure of deprivation in England produced by the Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government (MHCLG). The IMD combines 39 economic, financial, social, environmental and housing measures into a single deprivation score for individual neighbourhoods called Super Output Areas (LSOAs) in England. There are 32,844 LSOAs in England and 134 in Solihull with an average population of 1,500.

The IMD therefore allows each LSOA neighbourhood to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation.



The 2019 IMD shows that Solihull is the least deprived upper tier Local Authority in the West Midlands and is ranked in the 2<sup>nd</sup> top quintile nationally.

Solihull is relatively polarised between large parts of the borough that rank among the least deprived areas of England and a concentration of neighbourhoods in North Solihull among the most deprived.

<b>Population Living in Most and Least Deprived Neighbourhoods in 2019</b>			
	% Population		
	Solihull Population	North Solihull Population	Rest of Borough Population
Most Deprived 5% of areas in England	5%	16%	0%
Most Deprived 10% of areas in England	11%	41%	0%
Least Deprived 10% of areas in England	28%	0%	39%
Least Deprived 5% of areas in England	23%	0%	31%

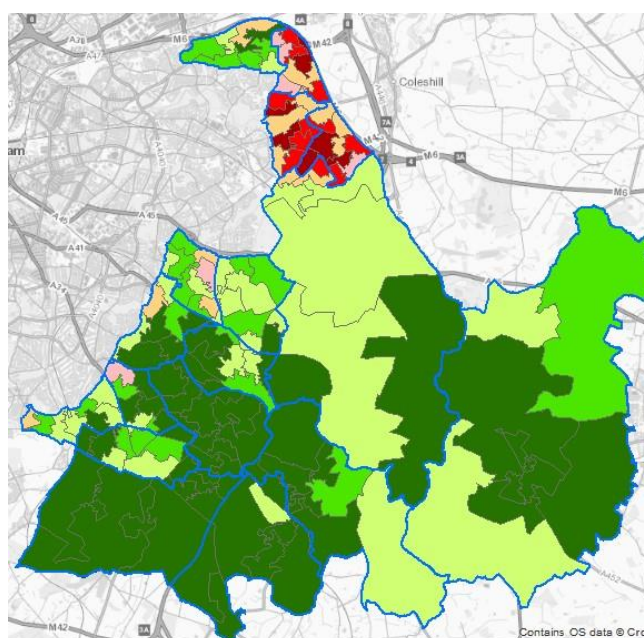
*Source: Ministry of Housing Communities & Local Government English Indices of Deprivation*

## 2019 Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)

### Overall Rank

#### Percentile Rank

- Bottom 5%
- 5th to 10th percentile
- 10th to 20th percentile
- 20th to 40th percentile
- 40th to 60th percentile
- 60th to 80th percentile
- Top 20%



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Deprivation is substantially higher in the North Solihull wards of Chelmsley Wood, Kingshurst & Fordbridge and Smith's Wood than elsewhere in the borough. The deprivation evident in North Solihull is part of a wider area of disadvantage that spreads throughout east Birmingham.

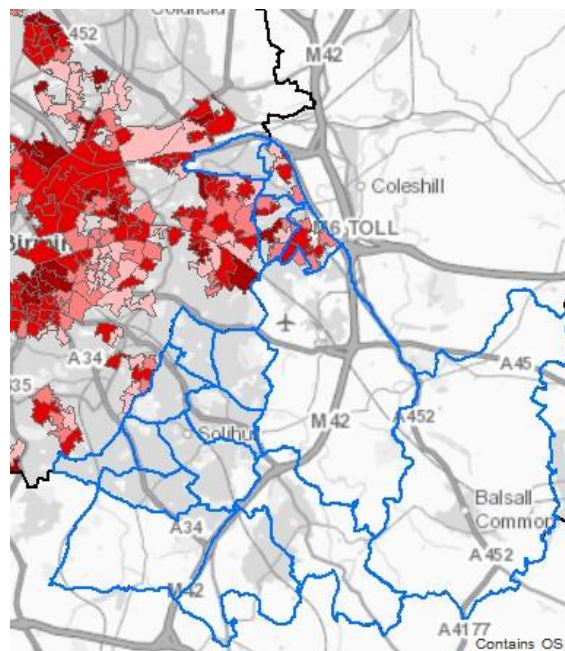
## 2019 Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)

### Overall Rank

LSOAs in Solihull & East Birmingham in Most Deprived 10%

### Percentile Rank

- 0 - 2nd percentile
- 2 - 5th percentile
- 5 - 7th percentile
- 7 - 10th percentile



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St Alphege’s eleven LSOAs are, on average, ranked on the 94<sup>th</sup> percentile nationally, with the 17 Solihull wards ranging from the deprived Chelmsley Wood (9<sup>th</sup> percentile) to the advantaged St Alphege (94<sup>th</sup> percentile). On this basis St Alphege would be considered one of the least deprived areas in England.

IMD Deprivation Rank in Solihull 2019	
Ward	Average Percentile Rank (1=most deprived, 100=least deprived)
Chelmsley Wood	9
Smith's Wood	11
Kingshurst & Fordbridge	14
Lyndon	49
Bickenhill	52
Elmdon	59
Shirley West	60
Castle Bromwich	64
Olton	72
Silhill	73
Shirley East	75
Shirley South	76
Meriden	78
Knowle	86
Blythe	91
Dorridge & Hockley Heath	91
St Alphege	94

Source: English Indices of Deprivation 2019

Deprivation among the eleven St Alphege LSOAs ranges from Solihull Tudor Grange on the 80<sup>th</sup> percentile to the least deprived neighbourhood Monkspath East on the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile. There are no significant signs of deprivation in St Alphege.

<b>IMD Deprivation Rank in St Alphege 2019</b>	
LSOA	Percentile Rank (1=most deprived, 100=least deprived)
Solihull Tudor Grange	80.1
Blossomfield South	93.2
Monkspath North	93.6
Hillfield East	95.1
Widney Manor	95.1
Broad Oaks	96
Alderbrook	96.1
Sharmans Cross North	97.1
Solihull Brueton	97.4
Hillfield West	98.1
Monkspath East	98.9
<i>Source: English Indices of Deprivation 2019</i>	

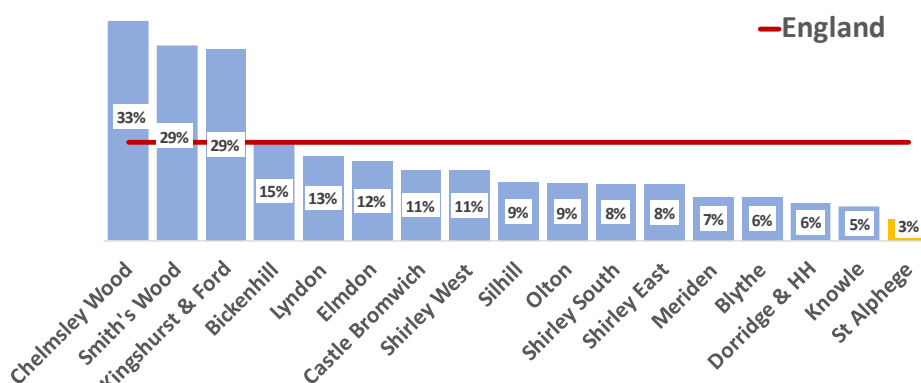
### Universal Credit

As of July 2023, 269 St Alphege residents were claiming Universal Credit (UC), equating to 3.3% of the working age population. The rate in St Alphege is much lower than for England (14.7%) and is the lowest in Solihull.

39% of the UC claimants in St Alphege are in employment and 61% not in employment, this is broadly in-line with the pattern across Solihull and England.

<b>Universal Credit Claimants in St Alphege July 2023</b>				
Claimants	Claimants in St Alphege	% UC Claimants		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
UC in employment	105	39%	38%	39%
UC not in employment	163	61%	62%	61%
All UC claimants	269			
<i>Source: DWP/Stat-Xplore</i>				

### Universal Credit Claimant Rate in Solihull July 2023

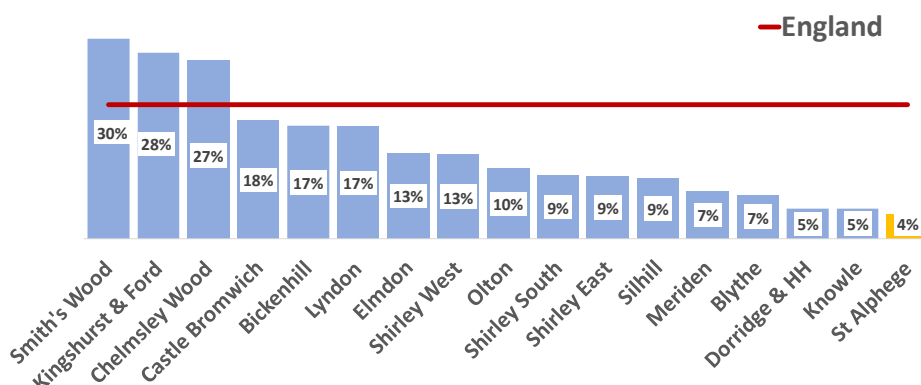


Source: DWP/Stat X-Plore

### Child Poverty

At the end of 2021/22, 86 children aged 0-15 years in St Alphege lived in a low income household. This equates to 4% of the 0-15 population, much lower than the England average (20%) and the lowest rate among the 17 Solihull wards.

### Children aged 0 – 15 years in a low - income household in Solihull 2021/22



Source: DWP/Stat X-Plore

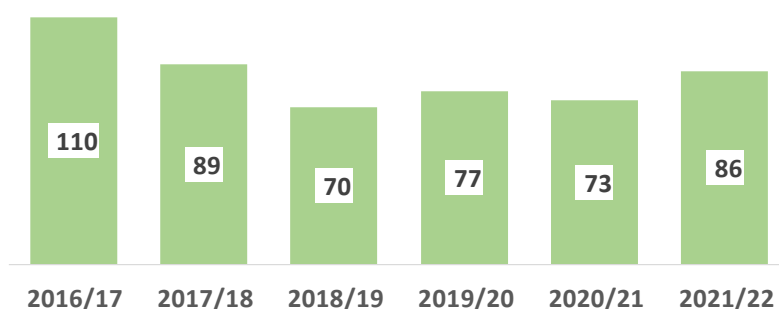
The number of children living in a low-income household in St Alphege varies between age group. The pattern is different to England in that proportionally more in St Alphege are aged 11-15 years and fewer aged under 5.

Children Aged 0-15 Years Living in a Low-Income Household in St Alphege 2021/22				
Age Group	Number in St Alphege	% all children 0-15 years in low income household		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Aged 0-4 Years	17	20%	30%	28%
Aged 5-10 Years	26	30%	36%	37%
Aged 11-15 Years	43	50%	34%	35%
All Aged 0-15 Years	86			

Source: DWP/Stat-Xplore

The number of St Alphege children living in a low-income household averaged 84 in the six years 2016/17 to 2021/22. There was a small rise from 70 at the end of 2018/19 to 77 at the end of 2019/20 coinciding with the onset of the outbreak of covid-19. This rise is consistent with those across Solihull and England. This trend has persisted with the number increasing through to 2021/22.

### Number of Children Aged 0-15 Years in St Alphege in a Low -Income Household



Source: DWP/Stat X-Plora

The Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) is a component part of the IMD measuring the relative income deprivation impacting upon children aged 0-15 years. St Alphege’s eleven LSOAs are, on average, ranked on the 89<sup>th</sup> percentile nationally of the IDACI, with the 17 Solihull wards ranging from the deprived Smith’s Wood (6<sup>th</sup> percentile) to the advantaged St Alphege (89<sup>th</sup> percentile).

Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) in Solihull 2019	
Ward	Average IDACI Percentile Rank (1=most deprived, 100=least deprived)
Smith's Wood	6
Chelmsley Wood	8
Kingshurst & Fordbridge	12
Bickenhill	49
Shirley West	56
Lyndon	56
Elmdon	60
Castle Bromwich	67
Silhill	68
Olton	71
Shirley East	71
Shirley South	71
Meriden	75
Knowle	83
Blythe	84
Dorridge & Hockley Heath	86
St Alphege	89

Source: English Indices of Deprivation 2019

Child income deprivation among the eleven St Alphege LSOAs ranges from Solihull Tudor Grange on the 67<sup>th</sup> percentile to the least deprived neighbourhood Blossomfield South on the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile. There are no significant signs of child income deprivation in St Alphege.

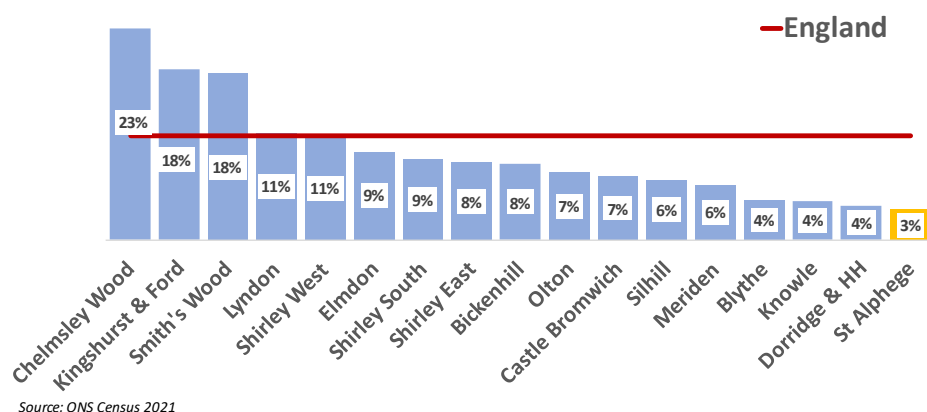
IDACI Rank in St Alphege 2019	
LSOA	IDACI Percentile Rank (1=most deprived, 100=least deprived)
Solihull Tudor Grange	67.3
Solihull Brueton	80.2
Monkspath East	83.4
Hillfield East	84.1
Widney Manor	89.5
Broad Oaks	91.9
Sharmans Cross North	92.4
Monkspath North	93.3
Hillfield West	94.4
Alderbook	96.9
Blossomfield South	97.9

*Source: English Indices of Deprivation 2019*

### Older People Poverty

In February 2023 there were 107 older people in St Alphege claiming a pension credit. This equates to 3% of the pension age population lower than both the Solihull (9%) and England (11%) averages. St Alphege has the lowest pension credit rate among Solihull's 17 wards.

### Pension Credit Rate in Solihull February 2023



The Income Deprivation Affecting Older People (IDAOP) is a component part of the IMD measuring the relative income deprivation impacting upon older people aged 65 and over.

St Alphege's eleven LSOAs are, on average, ranked on the 93<sup>rd</sup> percentile nationally of the IDAOP, with the 17 Solihull wards ranging from Chelmsley Wood (21<sup>st</sup> percentile) to St Alphege (93<sup>rd</sup> percentile). It is notable that even the most relatively deprived Solihull wards rank outside the most deprived quintile in England on this measure.

<b>Income Deprivation Affecting Older People (IDAOP) in Solihull 2019</b>	
Wards	Average IDAOP Percentile Rank (1=most deprived, 100=least deprived)
Chelmsley Wood	21
Smith's Wood	25
Kingshurst & Fordbridge	26
Lyndon	47
Shirley West	53
Bickenhill	58
Elmdon	59
Shirley South	65
Shirley East	65
Olton	68
Castle Bromwich	68
Meriden	72
Silhill	74
Blythe	85
Knowle	88
Dorridge & Hockley Heath	88
St Alphege	93
<i>Source: English Indices of Deprivation 2019</i>	

Older people income deprivation among the eleven St Alphege LSOAs ranges from Solihull Brueton on the 80<sup>th</sup> percentile to the least deprived neighbourhood Hillfield West on the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile. There are no significant signs of older people income deprivation in St Alphege.

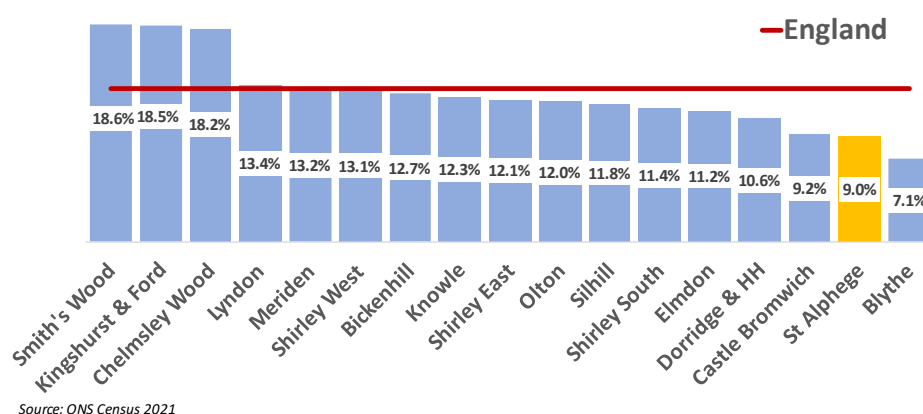
<b>IDAOP Rank in St Alphege 2019</b>	
LSOA	IDAOP Percentile Rank (1=most deprived, 100=least deprived)
Solihull Brueton	79.8
Blossomfield South	83
Monkspath North	85.2
Solihull Tudor Grange	95.6
Sharmans Cross North	95.72
Monkspath East	95.73
Hillfield East	96.3
Widney Manor	97.3
Alderbrook	97.4
Broad Oaks	99.2
Hillfield West	99.3
<i>Source: English Indices of Deprivation 2019</i>	

## Fuel Poverty

Fuel poverty is measured by the Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy which determines that those households which are below the poverty line and at the same time are energy inefficient and fuel poor.

647 St Alphege households were classified as fuel poor in 2021. This equates to 9% of all St Alphege households, lower than the Solihull (12.7%) and England (13.1%) averages. Among the 17 Solihull wards St Alphege has the 2<sup>nd</sup> lowest fuel poverty rate.

### Fuel Poverty Rate in Solihull 2021



Of the eleven St Alphege LSOAs the percentage of fuel poor households ranges from nearly 12% in Solihull Brueton to less than 5% in Monkspath East.

Fuel Poor Households in St Alphege 2021		
	Number	% Households
Solihull Brueton	87	11.6%
Alderbrook	75	11.5%
Sharmans Cross North	71	11.2%
Broad Oaks	65	11%
Solihull Tudor Grange	90	10.9%
Blossomfield South	89	10.8%
Widney Manor	58	8.5%
Monkspath North	33	5.5%
Hillfield East	34	5.1%
Hillfield West	23	4.7%
Monkspath East	22	4.5%

Source: Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy



## Employment and Skills

### Resident Economic Activity

At the time of the 2021 Census 76% of the St Alphege working age population were in employment (5,779 individuals), 3% were unemployed (208 individuals) and 22% economically inactive (1,645 individuals). This was more positive than the patterns across Solihull and England.

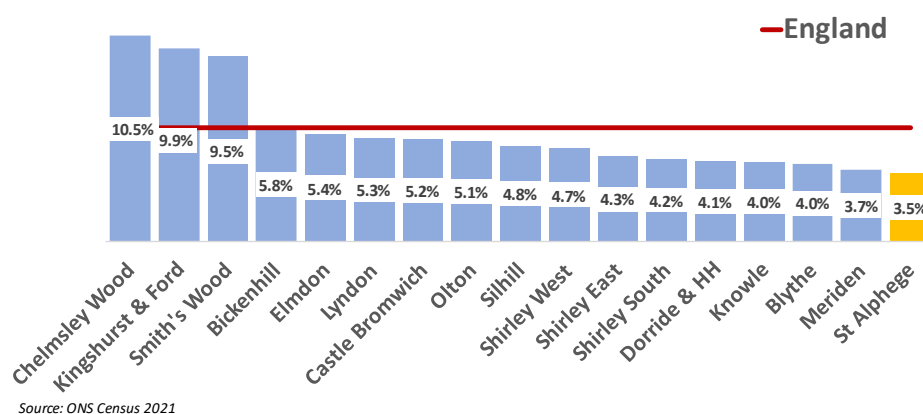
Economic Activity of Working Age Population in St Alphege 2021				
Economic Status	Number in St Alphege	% 16-64 Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Employed	5,779	76%	73%	71%
Unemployed	208	3%	4%	4%
Inactive	1,645	22%	23%	25%
All Age 16-64	7,632			

*Source: ONS Census 2021*

An unemployment rate reflects just the part of the population that is economically active (i.e. excludes people who have opted out of the labour market due to retirement or looking after home and are deemed to be inactive).

In March 2021, St Alphege’s unemployment rate of 3.5% was lower than the England average (5.8%) and the lowest among the 17 Solihull wards.

### Unemployment Rate in Solihull March 2021



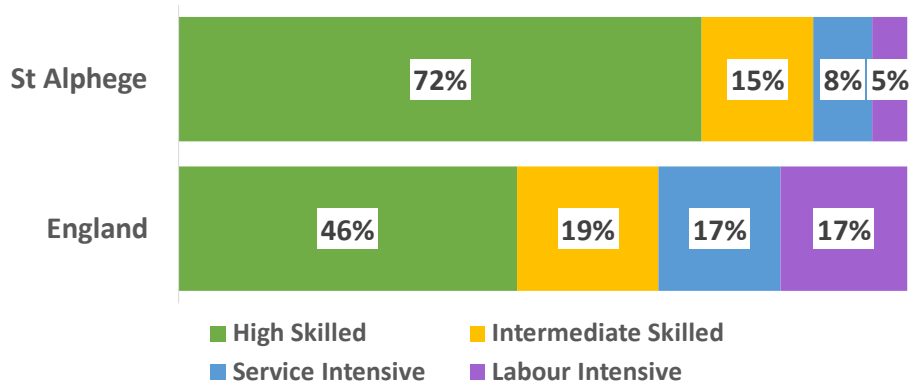
### Resident Employment

St Alphege residents in employment are much more likely to work in those occupations that typically demand higher levels of formal qualifications including managerial and professional roles than the Solihull or England averages. St Alphege residents are less likely than people across Solihull or England to work in service intensive or labour intensive occupations.

Occupation of Employed Population of St Alphege 2021				
Occupation	Number in St Alphege	% Population in Employment		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Managers, directors & senior officials	1,414	23%	15%	13%
Professional occupations	2,124	34%	24%	20%
Associate professional & technical occupations	903	15%	13%	13%
Administrative & secretarial occupations	684	11%	11%	9%
Skilled trades occupations	260	4%	8%	10%
Caring, leisure & other service occupations	253	4%	8%	9%
Sales & customer service occupations	251	4%	7%	7%
Process, plant & machine operatives	94	2%	6%	7%
Elementary occupations	203	3%	8%	10%
All in Employment	6,186			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Occupation of Employed Population St Alphege 2021

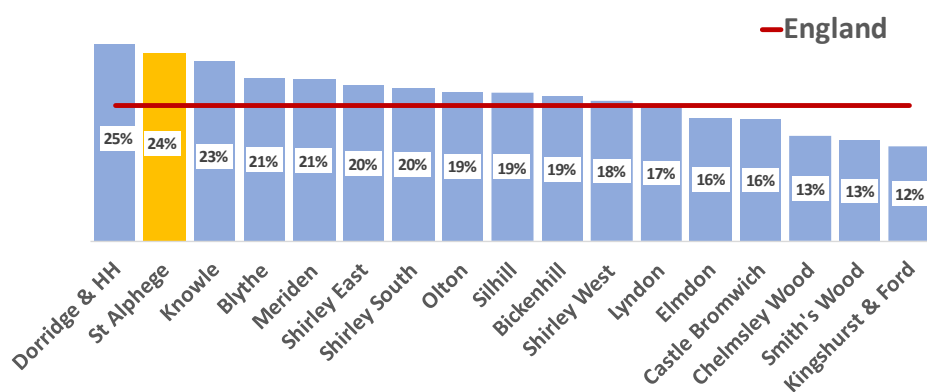


31% of St Alphege residents in employment work in the public sector (1,913 individuals across public administration, education and healthcare), by far the largest employment sector among St Alphege residents although this is also the case across the benchmarks. Other significant industries for those in employment in St Alphege include business services (18%), wholesale & retail (11%), construction (8%), information & communication (8%) and manufacturing (8%).

Industry of Employed Population of St Alphege 2021				
Industry Sector	Number in St Alphege	% Population in Employment		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Manufacturing	472	8%	10%	7%
Other Production	17	0.3%	0.3%	1.0%
Electricity, gas & water supply	119	2%	2%	1%
Construction	465	8%	9%	9%
Wholesale & retail	676	11%	13%	15%
Transport & storage	166	3%	5%	5%
Accommodation & food services	158	3%	4%	5%
Information & communication	482	8%	5%	5%
Financial services	411	7%	5%	4%
Business Services	1,082	18%	14%	14%
Public Services	1,913	31%	30%	30%
Other Services	212	3%	4%	5%
All in Employment	6,173			

Source: ONS Census 2021

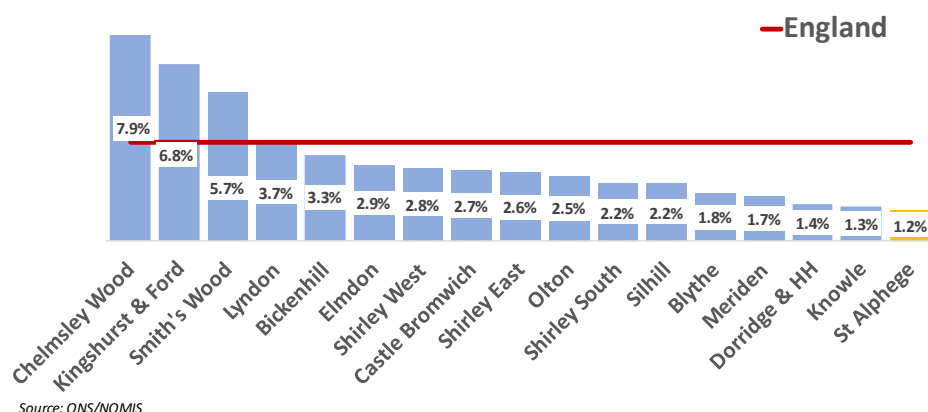
### Employed in Financial & Business Services in Solihull March 2021



### Claimant Count Unemployment

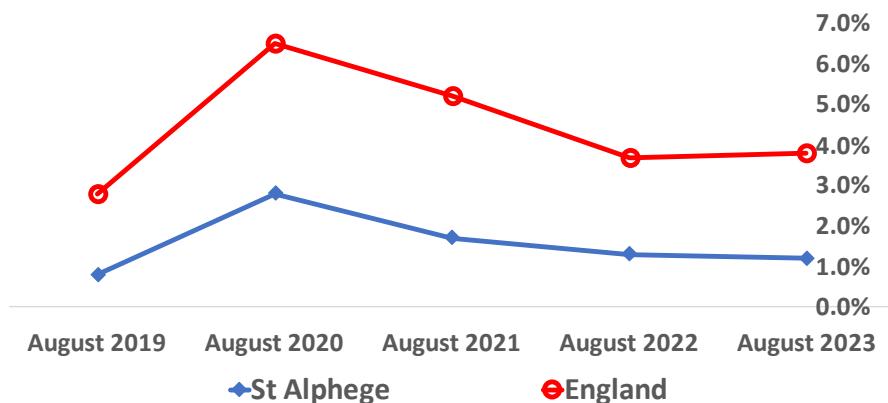
As of August 2023, 100 people in St Alphege were in receipt of unemployment benefit. This equates to a claimant unemployment rate of 1.2%, much lower than the Solihull (3.2%) and England (3.8%) averages. Among the 17 Solihull wards the claimant unemployment rate in St Alphege is the lowest.

### Claimant Unemployment Rate in Solihull August 2023



The claimant unemployment has fluctuated over recent years following the onset on the Covid-19 pandemic in early 2020. Claimant unemployment in St Alphege has been consistently lower than England but rose from 0.8% in August 2019 to 2.8% a year later. It has subsequently trended downwards.

### Trend in Claimant Unemployment Rate in St Alphege



### Resident Qualifications

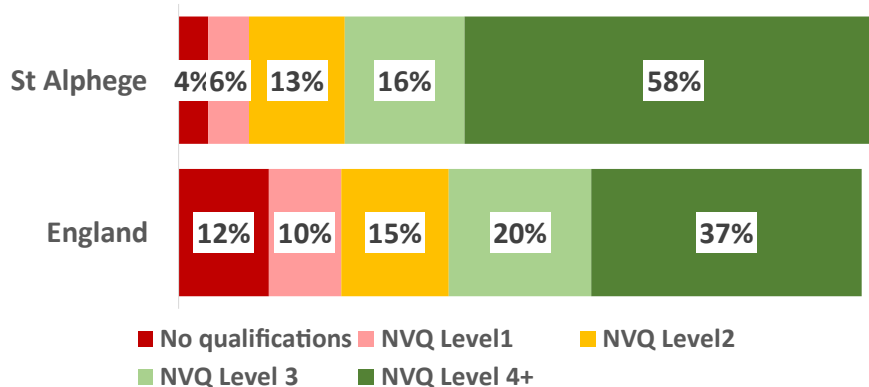
On average, working age St Alphege residents have much higher levels of formal qualifications than the benchmarks. For instance, 58% of St Alphege residents (4,392 individuals) had NVQ level 4+ qualifications in March 2021 compared to 40% of the Solihull population and 37% of people in England.

At the other end of the spectrum fewer St Alphege residents aged 16-64 have either no qualifications (4% vs 11% Solihull, 12% England) or NVQ level 1 qualifications (6% vs 10% Solihull, 10% England) than benchmark averages.

Formal Qualifications of Working Age St Alphege Population 2021				
Qualifications	Number in St Alphege	% 16-64 Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
No qualifications	306	4%	11%	12%
NVQ Level1	430	6%	10%	10%
NVQ Level2	1,006	13%	16%	15%
NVQ Level 3	1,254	16%	19%	20%
NVQ Level 4+	4,392	58%	40%	37%
Other	249	3%	5%	6%
16-64 Population	7,637			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Formal Qualification Levels 2021 St Alphege Population Aged 16-64



## Health and Care

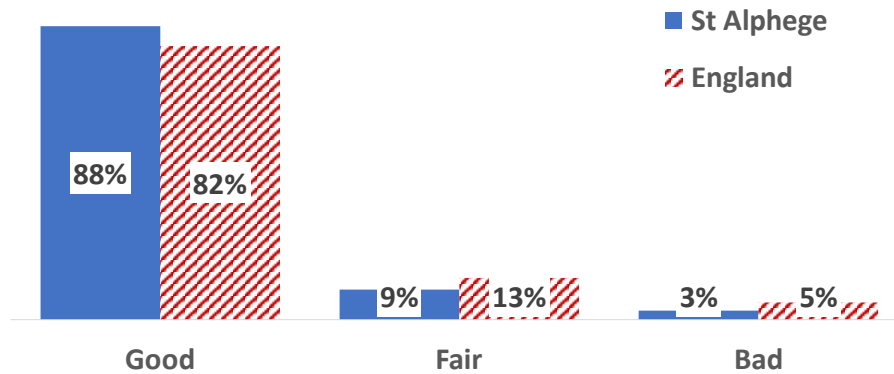
### General Health, Disability and Unpaid Care

According to the 2021 Census self-reported general health in St Alphege is better than that of the population of England. A large majority of people in St Alphege say that their health is good (55% very good, 33% good) while just 3% say that their health is bad (2% bad, 1% very bad).

General Health of Population in St Alphege 2021				
General Health	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Very good health	7,312	55%	49%	48%
Good health	4,375	33%	33%	34%
Fair health	1,205	9%	12%	13%
Bad health	304	2%	4%	4%
Very bad health	64	1%	1%	1%
Total Population	13,260			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### General Health of Population St Alphege 2021



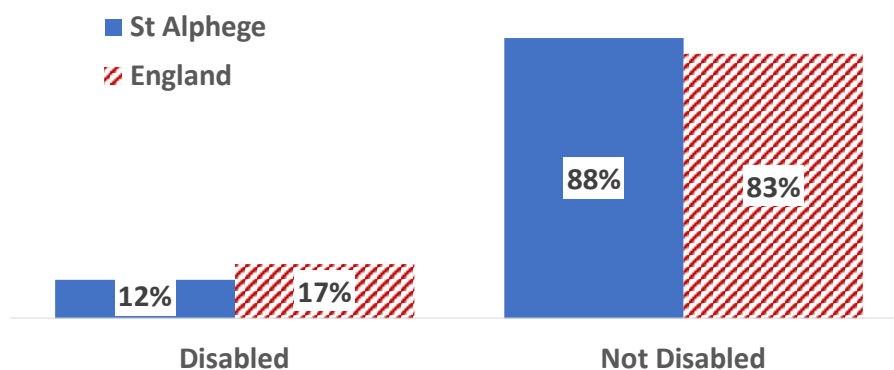
Source: ONS Census 2021

The population of St Alphege are less likely to have a long-term physical or mental health condition than the population of England (12% vs 17%) and the vast majority have no long-term problems (81%).

Disability in St Alphege Population 2021				
Disability	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Day-to-day activities limited a lot	549	4%	7%	7%
Day-to-day activities limited a little	1,038	8%	10%	10%
Has long term physical or mental health condition but day-to-day activities are not limited	980	7%	7%	7%
No long term physical or mental health conditions	10,694	81%	76%	76%
Total Population	13,261			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Disability in Population St Alphege 2021

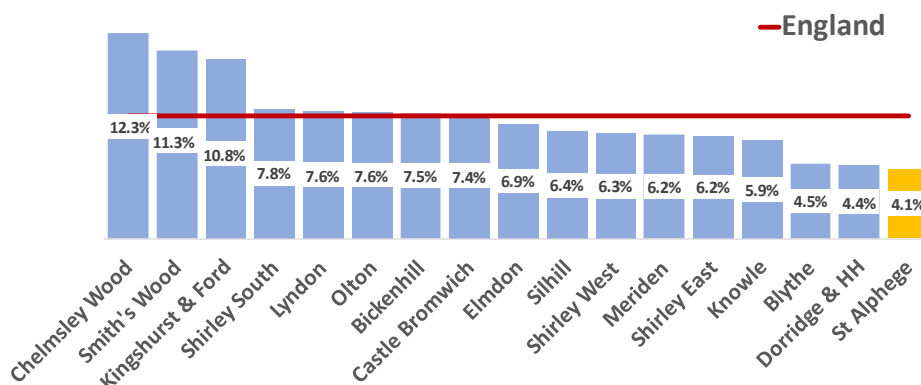


Source: ONS Census 2021

4% of the St Alphege population (549 individuals) say that their day-to-day activities are limited a lot by a long-term health condition compared to the England average of 7%. Among the 17 Solihull wards

St Alphege is the lowest when in this regard although there are significant differences between the high rates evident in the three North Solihull wards and the rest of the borough.

### Life Limited a Lot by Long – Term Health Condition Solihull Population 2021



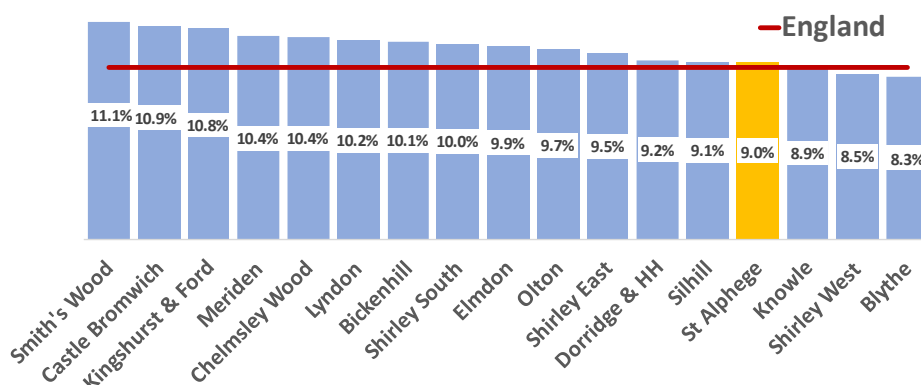
Source: Dept for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy

Just over 9% of the St Alphege population (1,157 individuals) provide unpaid care to a friend or relative compared to 91% who provide no care (10,653 individuals). This is broadly in-line with the Solihull and England averages.

Provision of Unpaid Care in St Alphege Population 2021				
Care Provided	Number in St Alphege	% Population		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Provides no unpaid care	11,656	91%	90%	91%
Provides 9 hours or less care	542	4%	4%	3%
Provides 10 to 19 care	178	1%	1%	1%
Provides 20 to 34 care	89	1%	1%	1%
Provides 35 to 49 hours care	69	1%	1%	1%
Provides 50+ hours care	279	2%	3%	3%
Total Population	12,813			

Source: ONS Census 2021

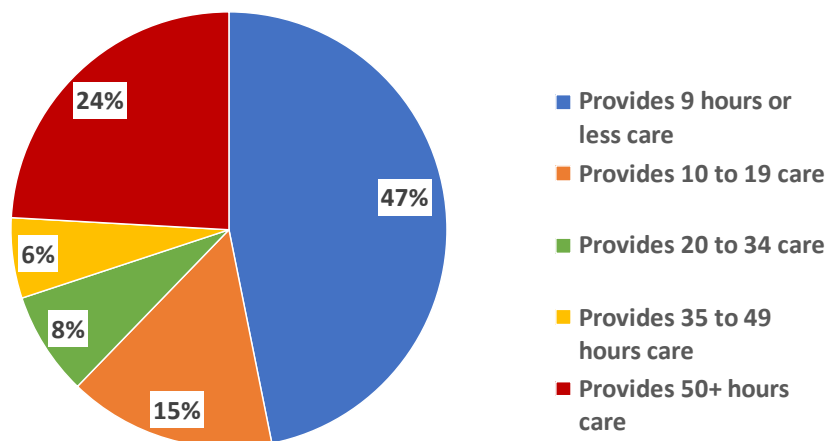
### Provision of Unpaid Care in Solihull 2021



Source: Dept for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy

47% of the St Alphege population who provide unpaid care do so for nine hours or less per week (542 individuals). At the other end of the spectrum 24% (279 individuals) provide 50 hours or more care per week. St Alphege carers are less likely to care for 50 hours+ per week than carers across England (24% vs 30%).

### Provision of Unpaid Care in St Alphege 2021



### Life Expectancy

Life expectancy at birth is an estimate of the average number of years a new-born baby would survive if he or she experienced the age-specific mortality rates for that area. As such it is a useful summary measure of all-cause mortality and a proxy for the overall health of an area.

Life expectancy in St Alphege is significantly higher than the England average for both males and females and is the highest among the 17 Solihull wards<sup>i</sup>.

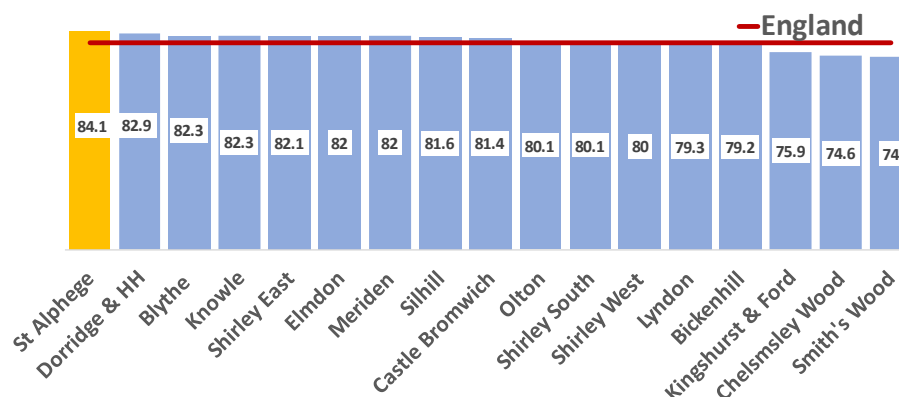
Life Expectancy at Birth (Years) in St Alphege 2016 to 2020			
	St Alphege	Solihull	England
Male	84.1	80.2	79.5
Female	87.7	84.1	83.2

*Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities*

<sup>i</sup> Shading used in all OHID health tables denotes statistical significance: green=statistically better than in England; yellow=in-line with England average; red=statistically worse than England.

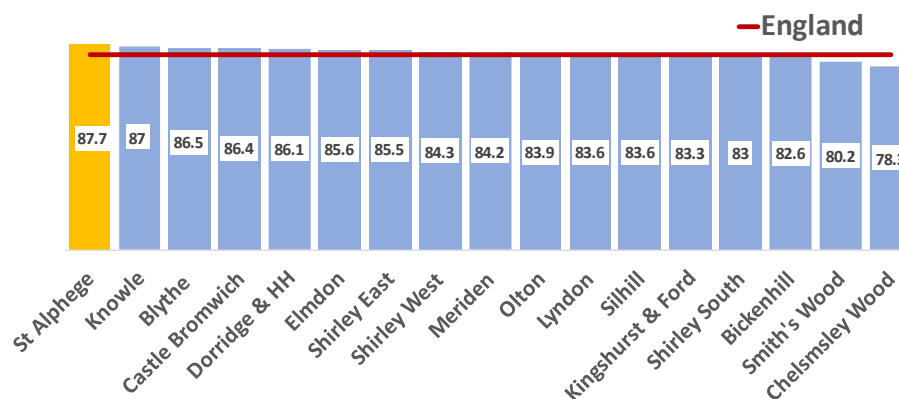


### Male Life Expectancy in Solihull 2016 to 2020



Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

### Female Life Expectancy in Solihull 2016 to 2020



Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

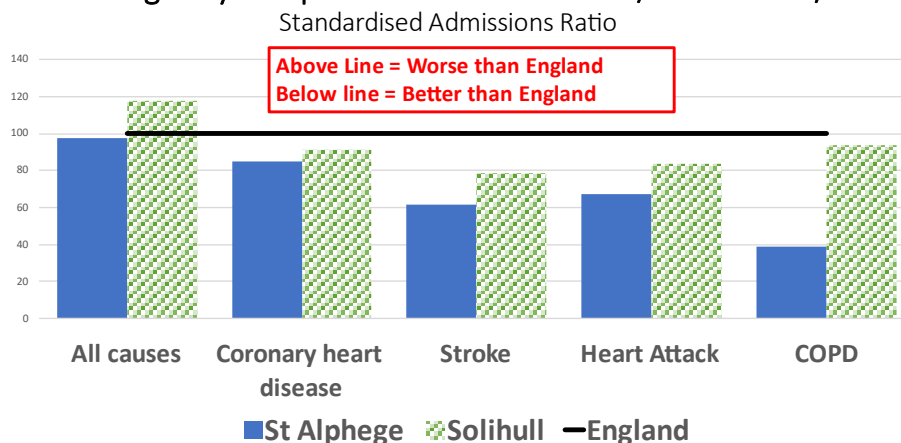
### Hospital Admissions

The table below shows that rate of standardised age emergency hospital admissions in St Alphege for various health conditions relative to the England average of 100. Emergency admissions for all causes are significantly less common among St Alphege residents than across England (97.5 vs 100). This is also the case for coronary heart disease, stroke, heart attack and COPD.

Emergency Admissions to Hospital in St Alphege 2016/17 to 2020/21		
<i>This is an age standard admissions ratio where England = 100. A SAR over 100 indicates that admissions are more common than England, a SAR below 100 indicates that admissions are less common than England</i>		
	St Alphege SAR	Solihull SAR
All causes	97.5	117.5
Coronary heart disease	85.1	90.9
Stroke	61.7	78.3
Heart Attack	67.3	83.6
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)	39.1	93.6

Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

### Emergency Hospital Admissions 2016/17 to 2020/21



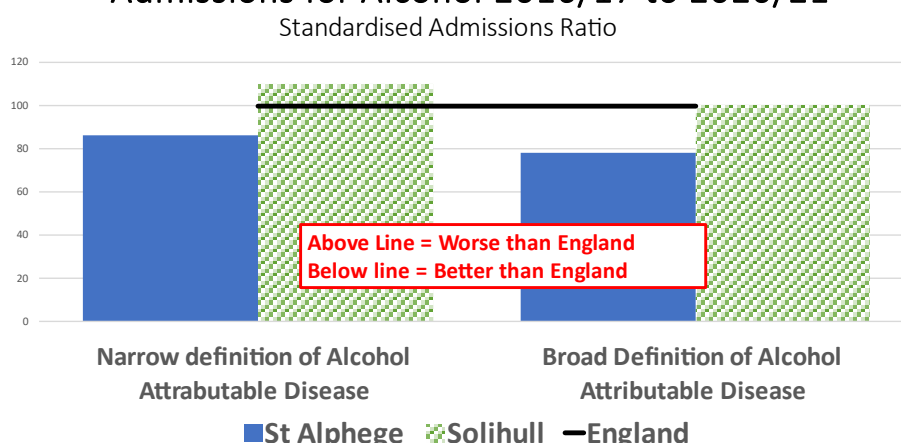
Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

Alcohol consumption is a contributing factor to hospital admissions and deaths from a diverse range of conditions. Alcohol misuse is measured by hospital admissions for diseases attributable to alcohol. Based on both a narrow and broad definition of diseases attributable to alcohol the rate in St Alphege is significantly lower than the England average.

Admissions due to Alcohol Misuse in St Alphege 2016/17 to 2020/21		
<i>This is an age standard admissions ratio where England = 100. An SAR over 100 indicates that incidence is more common than England, an SAR below 100 indicates that incidence is less common than England</i>		
	St Alphege SAR	Solihull SAR
Alcohol attributable conditions (narrow definition)	86.2	110.1
Alcohol attributable conditions (broad definition)	78.2	100.3

Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

### Admissions for Alcohol 2016/17 to 2020/21



Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

### Cancer Incidence

The incidence of cancer (defined by the number of new cases) in St Alphege is significantly lower than the England average as it is for lung cancer. The base data for the number of new cases of breast

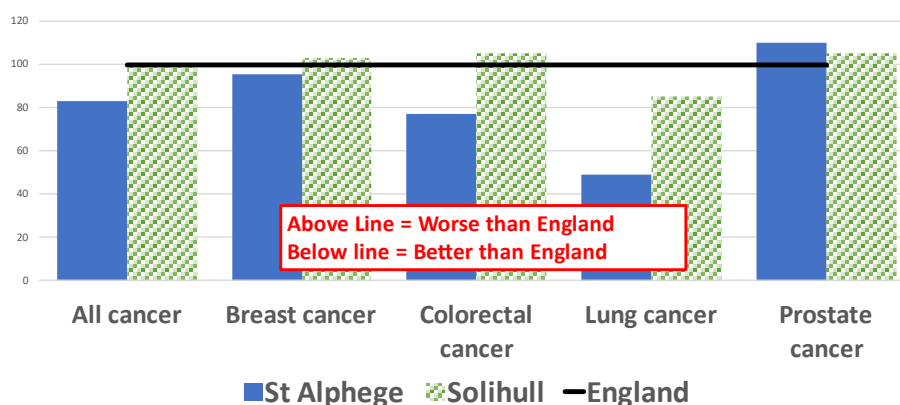
cancer and colorectal cancer are below average in St Alphege but given the confidence limits attached to the data this cannot be described as significantly so.

<b>Incidence of Cancer in St Alphege 2015 to 2019</b>		
<i>This is an age standard incidence ratio where England = 100. An SIR over 100 indicates that incidence is more common than England, an SIR below 100 indicates that incidence is less common than England</i>		
	St Alphege SIR	Solihull SIR
All cancer	83	98.6
Breast cancer	95.2	103.2
Colorectal cancer	77.2	105.1
Lung cancer	48.9	85.4
Prostate cancer	109.9	105.4

*Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities*

### Incidence of Cancer 2015 to 2019

Standardised Incidence Ratio



*Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities*

### Causes of Mortality

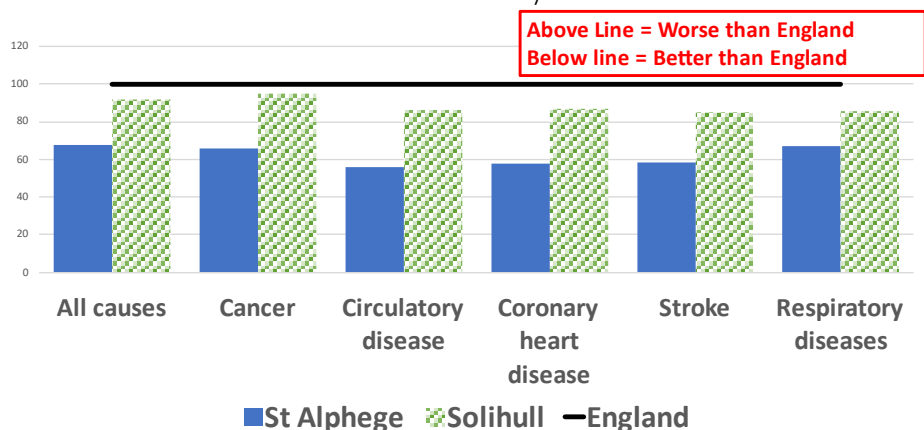
All age mortality in St Alphege is significantly lower than the England average with deaths from cancer, circulatory disease, coronary heart disease, stroke and respiratory disease also less common.

<b>All Age Deaths in St Alphege 2016 to 2020</b>		
<i>This is an age standard mortality ratio where England = 100. A SMR over 100 indicates that deaths are more common than England, a SMR below 100 indicates that deaths are less common than England</i>		
	St Alphege SMR	Solihull SMR
All causes	67.7	91.6
Cancer	65.7	95.1
Circulatory disease	55.9	86.1
Coronary heart disease	57.7	86.8
Stroke	58.4	85.2
Respiratory diseases	67.1	85.6

*Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities*

### All Age Deaths 2016 to 2020

Standardised Mortality Ratio



Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

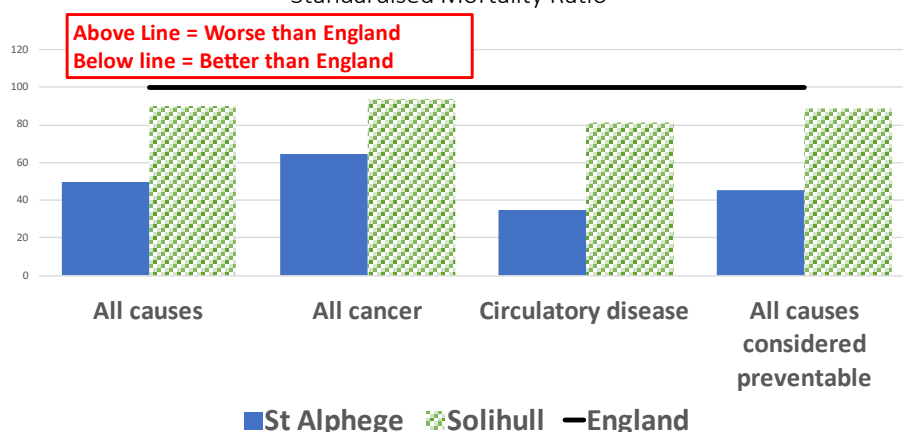
Premature mortality (deaths under the age of 75 years) rate is significantly lower among the St Alphege population than across England, with early deaths from cancer, circulatory disease and all causes considered preventable also less common.

Premature and Preventable Deaths (under 75 years) in St Alphege 2016 to 2020		
<i>This is an age standard mortality ratio where England = 100. A SMR over 100 indicates that deaths are more common than England, a SMR below 100 indicates that deaths are less common than England</i>		
	St Alphege SMR	Solihull SMR
All causes	49.6	89.9
All cancer	64.3	93.5
Circulatory disease	35.1	81.3
All causes considered preventable	45.1	88.6

Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

### All Premature & Preventable Deaths 2016 to 2020

Standardised Mortality Ratio



Source: Local Health, Office for Health Improvement & Disparities

## Housing and Transport

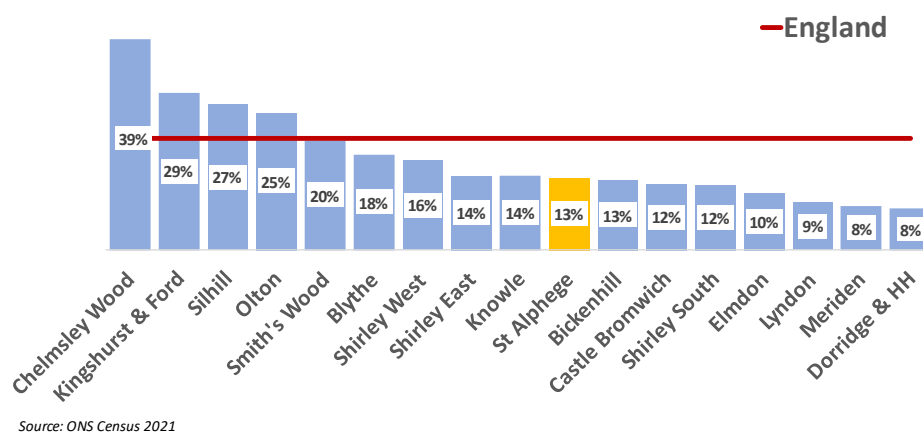
### Accommodation Type

86% of St Alphege households live in a house (4,575 households) and 13% in a flat (708 households). Among the 17 Solihull wards St Alphege has the 10<sup>th</sup> highest proportion of households living in a flat.

Accommodation Type in St Alphege 2021				
Tenure	Number in St Alphege	% Households		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Detached Housing	3,456	65%	28%	23%
Semi-Detached Housing	896	17%	37%	31%
Terraced Housing	223	4%	16%	23%
Flats	708	13%	17%	21%
Other	48	1%	1%	2%
All Households	5,331			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Households Living in a Flat in Solihull 2021



### Tenure

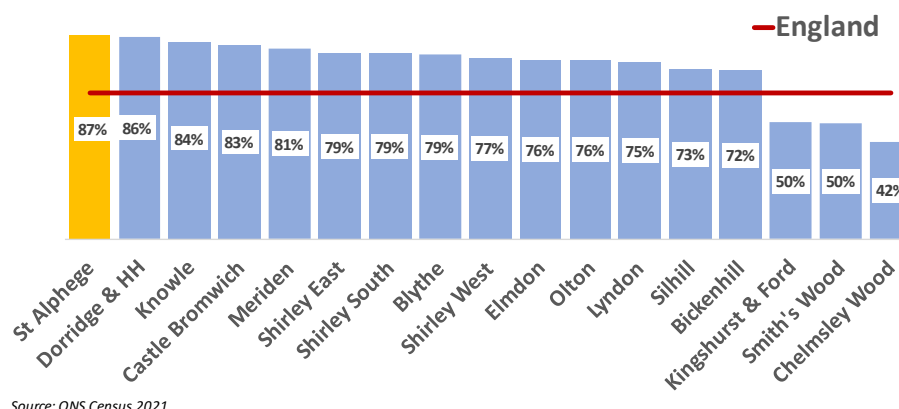
87% of St Alphege households own (or part own) their own home either outright or through a mortgage (4,635 households). The vast majority of the remainder rent either privately or socially. Social renting in St Alphege (113 households, 2% of total) is much less common than across England (17%) or Solihull (14%).

Tenure in St Alphege 2021				
Tenure	Number in St Alphege	% Households		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Owned or Shared Ownership	4,635	87%	73%	62%
Social rented	113	2%	14%	17%
Private rented or lives rent free	584	11%	13%	21%
All Households	5,332			

Source: ONS Census 2021

Homeownership in St Alphege is far more common than across England (87% vs 62%) and is higher than the average across Solihull where homeownership rates are above the national average everywhere except the three North Solihull wards.

### Homeownership (including shared ownership) in Solihull 2021



### Overcrowding

Household overcrowding is assessed by comparing the number of people in a household against the number of bedrooms that they require based on the bedroom standard which determines that adults, children over 16 and children between 10 and 15 of a different sex are entitled to their own bedroom. Overcrowding occurs when the number of bedrooms in the accommodation is less than the number required under this bedroom standard.

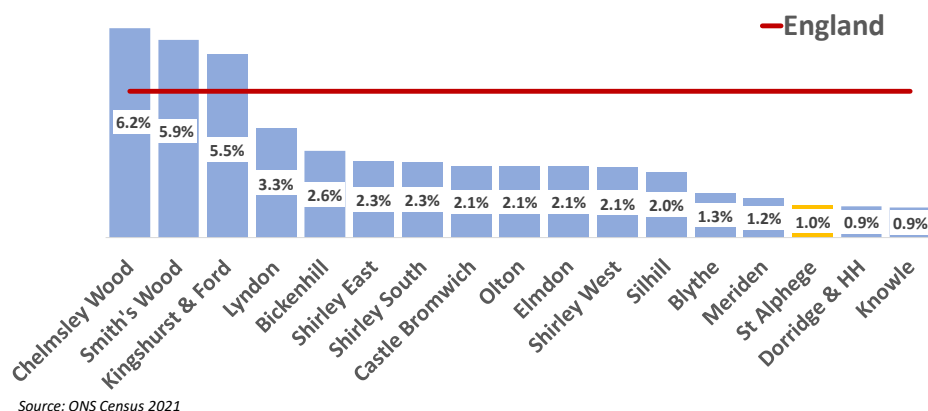
A large majority of households in St Alphege have at least one spare bedroom and are considered under-utilised (89%, 4,736 households). This is common across Solihull and England. Just 1% of St Alphege households are overcrowded compared to the England average of 4%.

With the exception of the three North Solihull wards bedroom overcrowding is less common among the 17 Solihull wards than England.

Overcrowding in St Alphege (Bedroom Standard) 2021				
Bedroom Occupation	Number in St Alphege	% Households		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
Under utilised	4,736	89%	76%	69%
Ideal Occupation	544	10%	22%	27%
Overcrowded	52	1%	3%	4%
All Households	5,332			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Overcrowded households in Solihull 2021 (Based on Number of Bedrooms)



### Access to Car or Van

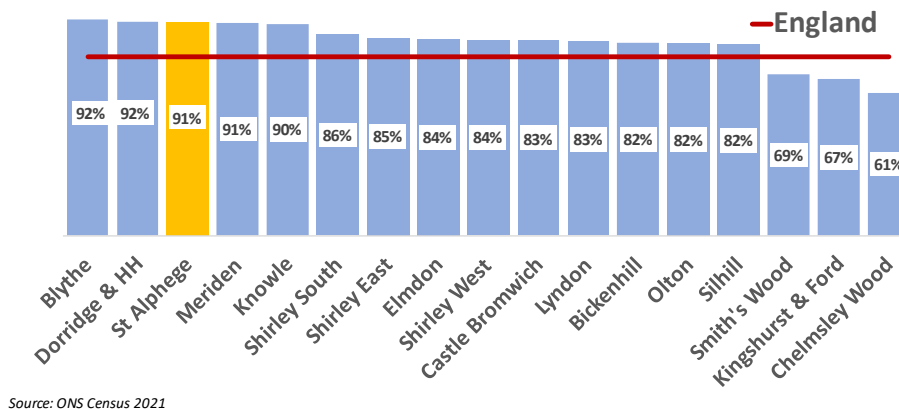
91% of St Alphege households have a car or van (4,863 households) including 56% (2,960 households) that have more than one. Car or van ownership, including multiple ownership is more common in St Alphege than the England average (76% of households including 35% multiple).

With the exception of the three North Solihull wards all Solihull wards have higher levels of car or van ownership than the England average.

St Alphege Households with a car or van 2021				
Car/van access	Number in St Alphege	% Households		
		St Alphege	Solihull	England
No car or van access	469	9%	18%	24%
Car or van access	4,863	91%	82%	76%
<i>Number of cars or vans per household</i>				
1 car or van	1,903	36%	39%	41%
2 cars or vans	2,114	40%	32%	26%
3+ cars or vans	846	16%	11%	9%
All Households	5,332			

Source: ONS Census 2021

### Households with access to a car or van in Solihull 2021

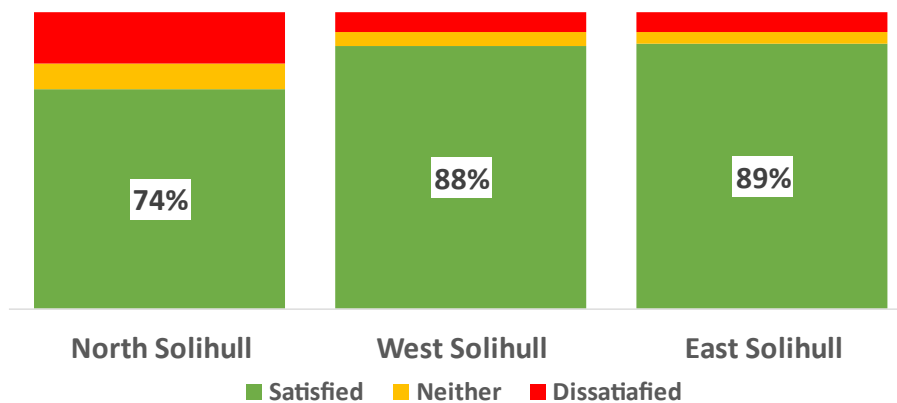


## Community and Safety

### Community Satisfaction and Belonging

Most Solihull respondents to the 2022 Place Survey say that they are satisfied with their local area as a place to live (84%) with just 10% saying that they are dissatisfied. Levels of satisfaction are high across all three Solihull localities and in West Solihull 88% are satisfied and 7% dissatisfied.

### Satisfaction with local area as place to live

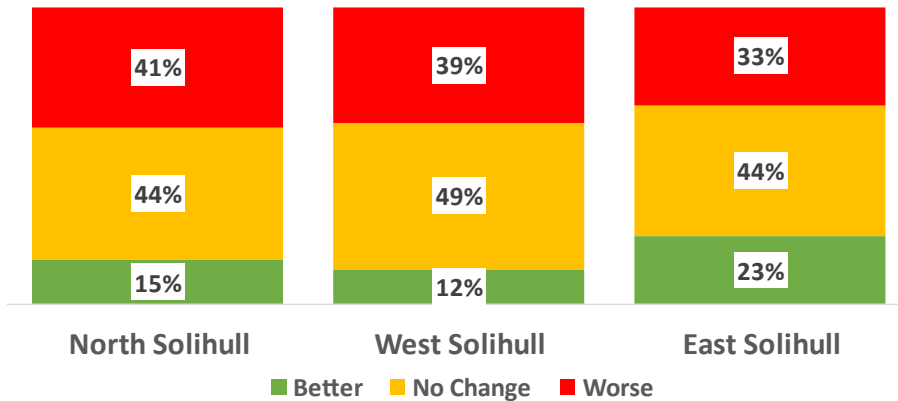


Source: SMBC, Solihull Place Survey 2022

The majority of Solihull respondents to the 2022 Place Survey thought that their local area had remained the same or got worse over the two preceding years (85%), including 38% who thought that their local area got worse over this period. The results do not vary greatly across localities with West Solihull closely mirroring the Solihull average.



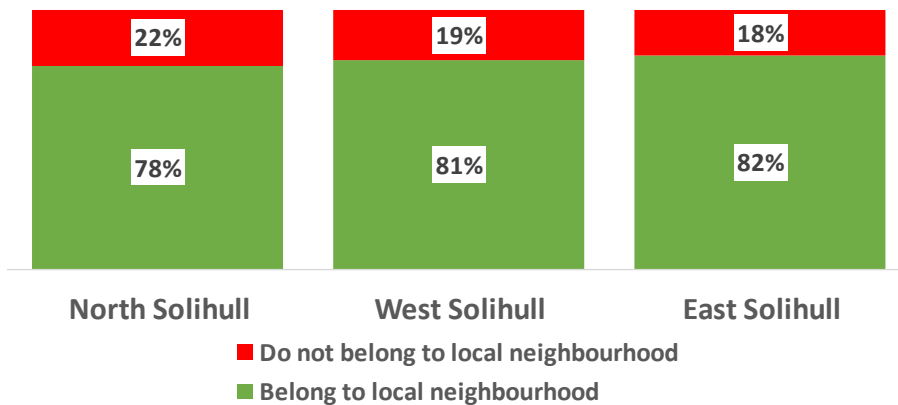
### How has local area changed in last 2 years



Source: SMBC, Solihull Place Survey 2022

82% of respondents to the 2022 Place Survey feel that they belong to their local neighbourhood while 20% do not. Feelings of community belonging vary little across Solihull with West Solihull in-line with the borough average.

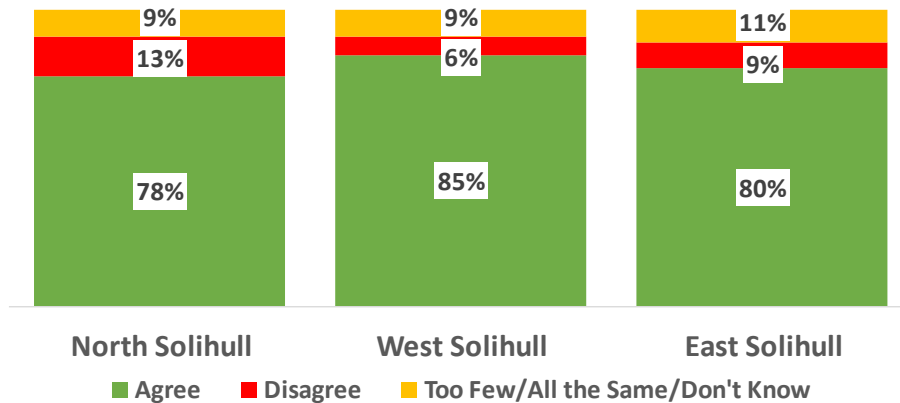
### To what extent does respondent feel they belong to local neighbourhood



Source: SMBC, Solihull Place Survey 2022

Despite significant demographic changes and increasing ethnic and religious diversity Solihull remains a cohesive borough. 82% of respondents agree that people from a different background get on well together in their local area, with just 9% disagreeing. Cohesion is high throughout Solihull with West Solihull marginally more positive than the borough average.

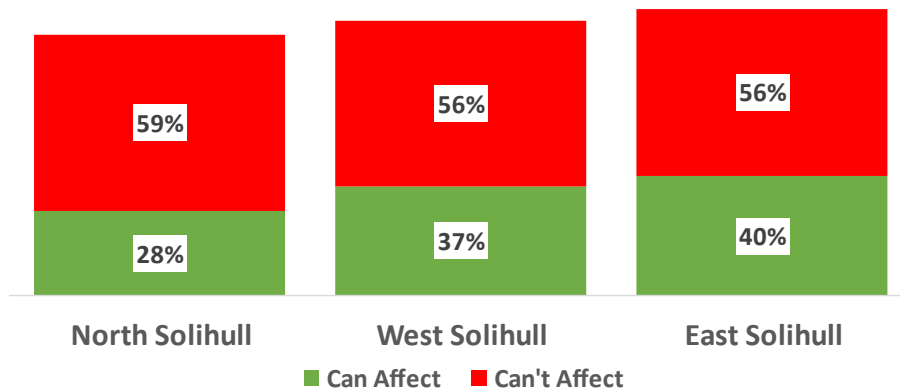
### People from a different background get on well together in local area



### Civic Participation

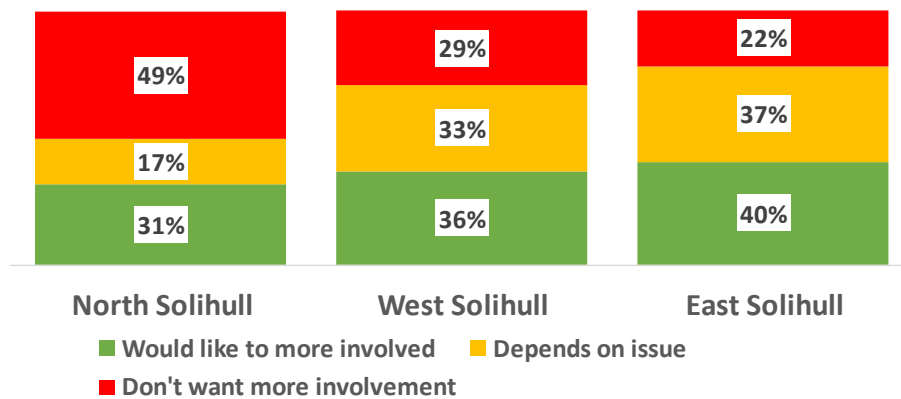
35% of respondents to the 2022 Solihull Place Survey say that they can influence decisions that affect their local area while 57% don't feel they can influence decisions. Fewer people in North Solihull feel they can influence decisions than elsewhere in the borough, with West Solihull about average.

### To what extent do feel able to influence decisions that affect your local area



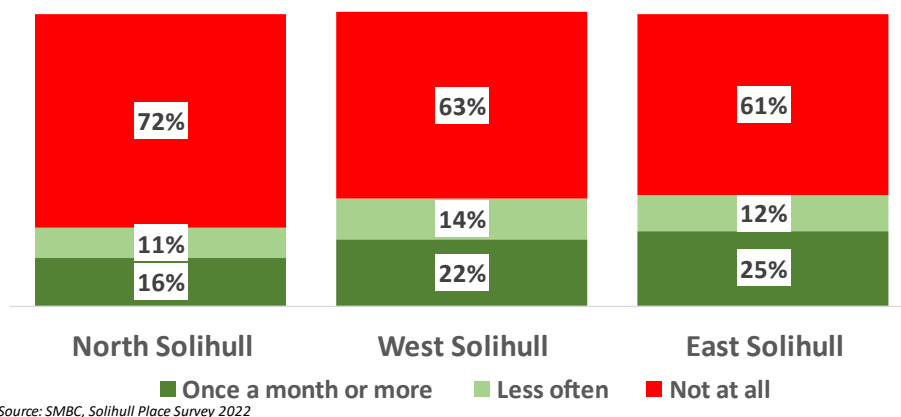
Despite the fact that 57% of respondents to the 2022 Solihull Place Survey say that they can't influence local decisions only 36% say that they would definitely like more involvement with 33% saying that they definitively don't want to be involved. The results for this measure do vary across the borough and in West Solihull 69% say that they are at least open to more involvement (36% definitely yes, 33% depends on the issue), while less than a third (29%) do not want to be involved.

### Would like to be more involved in local decisions



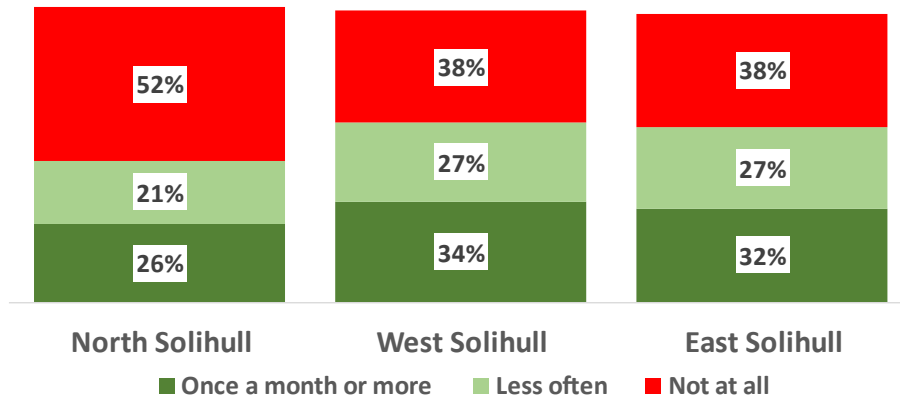
On average 34% of respondents to the 2022 Solihull Place Survey say that they have taken part in formal volunteering (defined as unpaid help to any group, club or organisation such as sports coaching or supporting a faith organisation) over the last year, including 21% who volunteer at least once a month. Participation is higher outside North Solihull with a participation rate of 36% in West Solihull.

### Have taken part in formal volunteering in last year



On average 57% of respondents to the 2022 Solihull Place Survey say that they have provided informal help in their local community or to a neighbour over the last year, including 32% who have done so at least once a month. Participation is higher outside North Solihull with a participation rate of 61% in West Solihull.

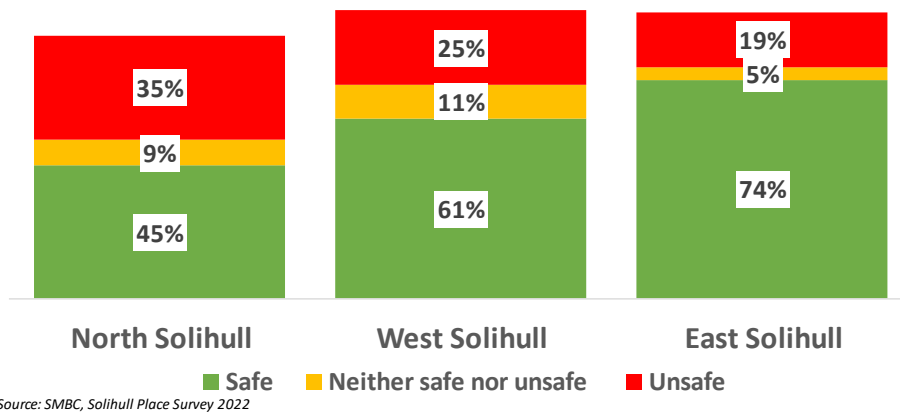
### Have taken part in informal volunteering in last year



### Community Safety

59% of Solihull respondents to the 2022 Place Survey say that they feel safe after dark whereas 27% feel unsafe. There is a significant difference between North Solihull and the rest of the borough on this measure, with 61% of West Solihull residents feeling safe after dark.

### Feeling safe after dark in local area

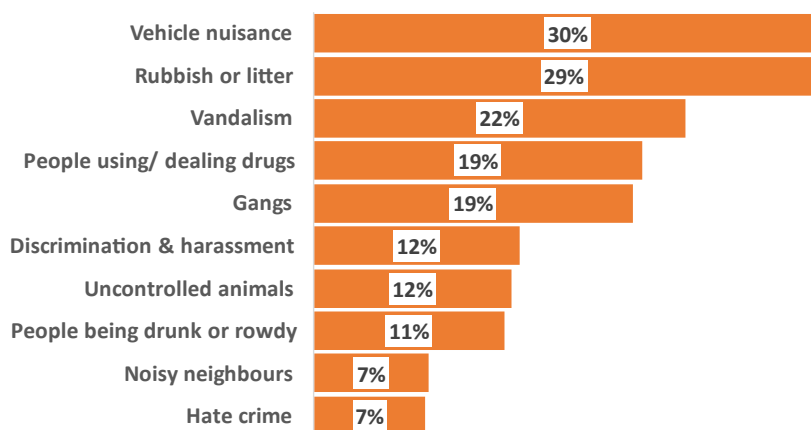


Respondents to the 2022 Solihull Place Survey were asked which of 10 types of antisocial behaviour were a problem in their local area. The most commonly cited problem in West Solihull was vehicle nuisance (30% of respondents) followed by rubbish & litter (29%) and vandalism (22%). Each type of ASB was considered a problem by fewer West Solihull respondents than the Solihull average.

Problem with Anti-Social Behaviour in Local Area		
ASB Type	West Solihull	Solihull
Discrimination, harassment or intimidation	12%	14%
Noisy neighbours or loud parties	7%	11%
Vehicle nuisance, like joyriding, abandoned cars etc	30%	32%
Gangs hanging around the streets	19%	22%
Uncontrolled animals or dog mess	12%	15%
People using or dealing drugs	19%	28%
People being drunk or rowdy in public places	11%	15%
Vandalism, graffiti & other deliberate damage to property or vehicles	22%	26%
Rubbish or litter lying around	29%	34%
Hate crime	7%	8%

*Source: Solihull Place Survey 2022*

### Problem with ASB in West Solihull



*Source: SMBC, Solihull Place Survey 2022*

### Crime Deprivation

St Alphege's eleven LSOAs are, on average, ranked on the 81<sup>st</sup> percentile nationally in terms of crime & disorder deprivation, with the 17 Solihull wards ranging from the crime & disorder deprived Kingshurst & Fordbridge (15<sup>th</sup> percentile) to the advantaged Knowle (85<sup>th</sup> percentile). On this basis St Alphege would be considered one of the least crime deprived areas in England.

Ward	Average Crime & Disorder Percentile Rank (1=most deprived, 100=least deprived)
Kingshurst & Fordbridge	15
Chelmsley Wood	16
Smith's Wood	25
Castle Bromwich	35
Shirley West	42
Lyndon	44
Bickenhill	48
Olton	58
Elmdon	62
Silhill	64
Shirley East	65
Meriden	71
Blythe	72
Dorridge & Hockley Heath	78
Shirley South	78
St Alphege	81
Knowle	85

*Source: English Indices of Deprivation 2019*

Crime & disorder deprivation among the eleven St Alphege LSOAs ranges from Solihull Tudor Grange on the 51<sup>st</sup> percentile to the least deprived neighbourhood Hillfield West on the 97<sup>th</sup> percentile. There are no significant signs of crime deprivation in St Alphege, with neighbourhoods at the more deprived end of the range (Tudor Grange, Brueton) representing areas of higher commercial activity.

<b>Crime &amp; Disorder Rank in St Alphege 2019</b>	
LSOA	Crime & Disorder Percentile Rank (1=most deprived, 100=least deprived)
Solihull Tudor Grange	51
Solihull Brueton	64.1
Sharmans Cross North	64.9
Widney Manor	81.7
Blossomfield South	85.3
Alderbrook	85.7
Broad Oaks	87.1
Monkspath North	92.3
Monkspath East	93.1
Hillfield East	95.9
Hillfield West	97

*Source: English Indices of Deprivation 2019*

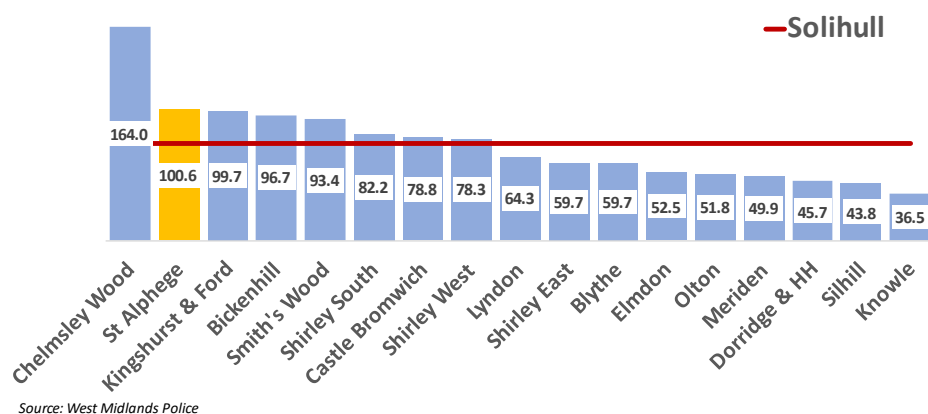
### Reported Crime and Antisocial Behaviour

The table below shows the number of recorded crimes in the year to date (January-November 15<sup>th</sup>, 2023). There have been 1,393 crimes in St Alphege, 8.6% of the Solihull total and equating to 100.6

per 1,000 population. This is higher than the Solihull average of 74.7 per 1,000 and the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest of the 17 Solihull wards.

Reported Crimes in 2023			
Ward	Number of Reported Crimes	% Reported Crimes	Crimes per 1,000 Population
Bickenhill	1,242	7.6%	96.7
Blythe	880	5.4%	59.7
Castle Bromwich	889	5.5%	78.8
Chelmsley Wood	2,183	13.4%	164.0
Dorridge & Hockley Heath	524	3.2%	45.7
Elmdon	669	4.1%	52.5
Kingshurst & Fordbridge	1,354	8.3%	99.7
Knowle	412	2.5%	36.5
Lyndon	893	5.5%	64.3
Meriden	636	3.9%	49.9
Olton	665	4.1%	51.8
Shirley East	724	4.5%	59.7
Shirley South	1,030	6.3%	82.2
Shirley West	1,010	6.2%	78.3
Silhill	545	3.4%	43.8
Smith's Wood	1,207	7.4%	93.4
St Alphege	1,393	8.6%	100.6
Solihull <sup>^</sup>	16,256		74.7
<sup>^</sup> Solihull total includes 861 crimes attributed to Airport/NEC (5% total)			
Source: West Midlands Police			

### Reported Crimes per 1,000 Population in Solihull 2023



The number of reported crimes in St Alphege trended upwards from 2020 to 2022, increasing by 72% (+773 crimes over this period). This is much higher than the 41% increase recorded across Solihull as a whole.

### Annual Reported Number of Crimes in StAlphege



Source: West Midlands Police

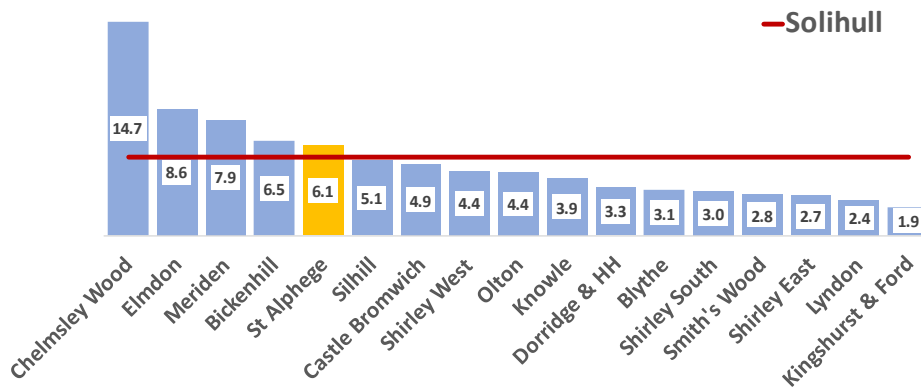
The table below shows the number of recorded antisocial behaviour (ASB) incidents in the year to date (January-November 15<sup>th</sup> 2023). There have been 85 ASB incidents in St Alphege, 7.2% of the Solihull total and equating to 6.1 per 1,000 population. This is higher than the Solihull average of 5.4 per 1,000 and ranks St Alphege 5<sup>th</sup> highest of the 17 Solihull wards.

Reported Antisocial Behaviour Incidents in 2023			
Ward	Number of Reported ASB	% ASB	ASB per 1,000 Population
Bickenhill	83	7.1%	6.5
Blythe	46	3.9%	3.1
Castle Bromwich	55	4.7%	4.9
Chelmsley Wood	195	16.6%	14.7
Dorridge & Hockley Heath	38	3.2%	3.3
Elmdon	110	9.4%	8.6
Kingshurst & Fordbridge	26	2.2%	1.9
Knowle	44	3.7%	3.9
Lyndon	34	2.9%	2.4
Meriden	101	8.6%	7.9
Olton	56	4.8%	4.4
Shirley East	33	2.8%	2.7
Shirley South	38	3.2%	3.0
Shirley West	57	4.9%	4.4
Silhill	64	5.5%	5.1
Smith's Wood	36	3.1%	2.8
St Alphege	85	7.2%	6.1
Solihull	1,174		5.4

Source: West Midlands Police



### Reported ASB per 1,000 Population in Solihull 2023



Source: West Midlands Police

### Local Assets and Services

My Solihull maps provide access to information about the local community including places to go and things to do. Users can search on groups appropriate for a specific budget or age group or to look for specialists in disability or mental health support. Information on defined areas of interest such as sports and physical activity clubs and facilities can also be found. My Solihull Maps can be accessed via the link below.

[My Solihull Map](#)